THE MARION DAILY STAR.

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CEO MARCHING

rd Disputed Province of Santa Clara.

ISURGENTS ASSAULT A FORT

of a Diversion, While the Main Pushes on Toward the Border. rds Vainly Endeavoring to Pre- Union of the Rebel Forces—Re- l Fight Near Ciego de Avilo.

NA, Dec. 5.—Reports current for days that Antonio Maceo had the military line of La Trocha 29, are confirmed here. He ompanied by the bands of Miros, and Quintan Banderas. The was effected between the forts nchez and La Redonda on the th of Ciego de Avila. Upon the line a force of the insur- as detached to make an assault Redonda fort, thus creating a n to prevent pursuit, while the orce pushed on towards the of Santa Clara province, which posed to invade. Maceo's force pursued by General Aldave lecon, and General Sanrez Valdes varro have also been sent to at- n. An important engagement nent, the Spanish object being t Maceo's advance upon Santa nd to prevent his junction with es of Maximo Gomez.

munitions and baggage belonging eo's forces has been carried on ers from the Manzanillo coast to lara province in order to enable urgents to go unencumbered and ore quickly. An attack upon a r Santa Clara has been made by rgents A column of 150 troops r to the relief of the fort, and rgents were dispersed.

enant Aguilar at the head of 28 s was surrounded by a band of rgents under the leader Rios fanzanillo. The troops fought and the official report says dis- the insurgents, who left three nd five wounded when they re- The troops had one killed, the nt, and six wounded.

Sharp Fighting Reported.

NA, Dec 5 —It is reported that lazo expedition landed last Sat- The insurgent leader Lacret out of Cienego Zapata and en- near Jaguaramos. Columns of ere dispatched to disperse them. rgents have blown up two small with dynamite on the Santa A column of troops has fought d of Zayas in Las Villas with a 20 dead and wounded The in- s have boarded the small r Julio near Cayo Frances, and anged the captain on the mast. rals Suares, Haldes and Navarro et Gomez and Maceo near Ciago a and Jicolea. After a short and ight the insurgents were forced at with a numerous loss. The ccupy the insurgents' positions, s having been insignificant. It rted that Lieutenant Winston ll of the royal army, son of the rd Randolph Churchill, took part ngagement.

e engagement in the province of nillo, the troops lost three pris- and four missing, but all reap- after the encounter.

Detectives on Their Trail.

STON, Jamaica, Dec. 5.—A party aus equipped for a journey left t midnight. Detectives are fol- , as it is suspected that the Cu- ill try to sail for Cuba unob- carrying munitions which have oncealed on the north side of the

rs and Operators Fail to Agree.

BURG, Dec. 5.—The joint scale ttee of coal operators and miners nge the mining rate for next year ed and presented separate reports joint convention. The operators t for 64 cents for the first three of 1896 and 70 cents for the bal- f the year, while the miners 74 cents per ton for the entire

Sold Their Interests.

FRANCISCO, Dec. 5.—The col- heirs to the estate of the late r Fair have sold their interests children for $400,000. By the f the sale the heirs abandon all rights guaranteed under the anse of the will.

In the Interest of Labor.

SHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The labor or- tions of the country are making rted effort to secure the appoint- of Representative Phillips of lvania to the chairmanship of ess committee on labor.

Will Not Form an Alliance.

SHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The Populist rs of the senate at a meeting took which probably will prevent reor- ion of the senate by the Repub- deciding to stand together both old parties.

Very Narrow Escape.

OKVILLE, Ind., Dec. 5.—The fam- arah Cox slept down stairs and night heard a crash upstairs. ng out of the house they discov- was on fire and the roof had in

rrested For Train Wrecking.

ATO, Dec. 5.—Four men have rrested here whom the police sus- being members of the gang that ed the Lackawanna passenger near Preble, N Y., last Sunday

The Same Old Face.

ON, Dec. 5 —At the opening of ichstag Wednesday Baron von rtenberg was re-elected president body.

CONTRACTORS SENTENCED.

What Would Have Been Done With Them If They Had Stolen the Road?

GRAND ISLAND, Neb., Dec 5 —George H. Shank and A. W Ralston of Chicago, contractors, who were arrested in July charged with trying to steal $100,000 worth of rails from the Union Pacific, pleaded guilty to petty larceny and were fined $50 and jailed for 10 days.

The steal created quite a sensation last July. Several cars of Union Pacific rails had been loaded ready for shipment when the company discovered what was being done. The men claimed they had purchased them from another Chicago contractor, whom they failed to produce. The prosecuting attorney concluded to permit the men to plead guilty of petty larceny, since he did not think evidence of a greater offense was clear.

POET AND LECTURER

Submits a Few Remarks Concerning the President's Message.

CLEVELAND, Dec. 5.—Will Carleton, the poet and lecturer, said concerning the president's message

"It is not very sparkling, rather tame, in fact. Cleveland, you know, is not an entertaining writer. There is not enough jingoism in it. I want to see the American continent from pole to pole under the stars and stripes. It is necessary in order that the Monroe doctrine may be maintained. This question must be decided one way or the other very soon"

BATTLESHIP TEXAS.

The Unfortunate Vessel Suffers an Accident to Her Steering Gear.

WASHINGTON Dec 5.—The unfortunate battleship Texas has had another breakdown She went out on a full power steam trial trip from New York with the intention of making sure that the machinery would work all right, but was soon brought up at the power station at Tompkinsville, Staten Island, with her steering gear crippled It is estimated that about five days will be consumed in making the necessary repairs to fit the ship for another trial.

Expelled From the Loyal Legion.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5 —Major William Andrews, formerly street cleaning commissioner and excise commissioner, was expelled from membership in the New York commandery of the Loyal Legion. The charges were based upon testimony taken at the time of the session of the Lexow committee reflecting upon Mr. Andrews' record in the street cleaning department.

Vote on South Carolina Constitution.

COLUMBIA, S. C., Dec 5 —The constitutional convention adjourned sine die last night at 10 o'clock On the final adoption of the constitution the vote stood 118 to 7, all the negro delegates voting against it on account of the suffrage article, and two white delegates for the indefinite reasons that some parts of the constitution they considered to be unwise.

Robbery of Letter Boxes.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5 —The protective committee of the American Bankers' association has issued a warning to bankers that letter boxes in various cities are being robbed and the checks abstracted from letters found therein altered as to payees' names, and in some cases as to amounts

Father Killed and Son Injured.

LEXINGTON, Ky., Dec. 5.—The midnight express on the Cincinnati Southern ran over a covered immigrant wagon near Burgin and killed Peter Gremmine and wounded his 16-year-old boy. No others were in the wagon. They were moving from Michigan to Georgia.

Strike Still On.

NEW YORK, Dec 5 —It was understood that a committee of the Iron League would meet a committee of the housesmiths' strikers and arrange the details of a compromise, which would bring the strike to a close The conference was not held and the strike is still on.

Struck a Snag.

LOUISVILLE, Dec 5. — The steamer Falls City, in the Louisville and Frankfort trade, struck a snag in the Kentucky river opposite Monterey and sank in 10 feet of water The crew and passengers were rescued The boat carried a large cargo

Stealing a March on United States.

TACOMA, Dec. 5.—The Canadian government has let a contract for the carrying of mails from Juneau, Alaska, to Forty Mile Creek, which is also in the territory always claimed by the United States, but which Canada is now asserting claim to.

A Ten-Round Go.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5 —Tonight a 10 round bout will be brought off between George Dixon of Boston and Frank Erno of Buffalo at the Manhattan Athletic club.

Germans Calling a Halt.

LONDON, Dec 5 —A Berlin dispatch says: "Anti American measures meet with opposition here as tending to stop the rapidly growing commercial relations, the statistics showing that there is a continual rise of German exports to America."

Freight Train Wrecked.

HUNTINGTON, W. Va., Dec 5 —A freight train, southbound, on the Norfolk and Western railroad, was wrecked at Patrick creek. Fireman Ganze was fatally hurt and others were seriously injured

New Hawaiian Minister.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5 — Mr. Castle presented President Cleveland with his letters of recall as Hawaiian minister to the United States and Mr. Hatch those accrediting him as Mr Castle's successor

"MISSING LINKS."

Harry Hayward's Confession of His Guilt.

DARING PLOT TO REMOVE ADRY.

Save If His Brother Had Stood by Him He Would Not Have Been Convicted. His Plan to Get Rid of Elder Stewart. Only Deterred From Confessing During the Trial by Those Interested.

MINNEAPOLIS, Dec. 5.—The closing act in the drama of Harry Hayward's life is at hand, and in that connection the book of "Missing Links," which has been prepared by Michael Quinlan, the detective employed by the Haywards, has a remarkable interest. The whole book is virtually a confession of Hayward's guilt. Quinlan himself evidently believes in it most thoroughly. Two chapters are devoted to a running account of the crime and trial. The remaining chapters are devoted to the "links," and are so designated. The most important is that on which the confession is based which appears in Link 5. In that chapter a visit to Hayway at the jail is detailed by the detective. Harry had been discussing with his detective a preposterous plan for getting Adry out of the way. The plot was an exceedingly ingenius and daring one. Quinlan said: "Well, Harry, your scheme is a great one and well put up, but you must remember that you only look at one side of it You know there are two sides to everything. You remember how well your plot was laid in your last job on the murder of Miss Ging, and you see how poorly you put up that job. You look only at one side of it."

"Well," replied Hayward, petulantly, "who, in heaven's name, would think his own brother would go back on him? Had Adry stayed with me I would not have cared what Blixt would have said, or Stewart They did not disprove my loin to Kit (Miss Ging) on the trial, and that alone would have carried out my theory"

"That," says Quinlan, "was Hayward's confession."

On another occasion Harry said to Quinlan: "If Adry only told all the truth and the facts as they are, he would not help me any, but he would get hanged just as I expect to be. We both deserve hanging for the crimes we have committed before this."

A third confession is narrated just at the close of the book in a bit of unwritten history which is extremely interesting, but which, strange to relate, has never been known throughout the entire case, which has been sifted as finely for facts and evidence as any case that has ever come before the public. It is simply the fact that at one time while Adry was on the stand Harry announced to some of his friends that he was going to throw up the sponge and confess the whole thing. He was only deterred from this by the earnest solicitation of those interested in the case, the appeal being placed solely for "his mother's sake."

Quinlan claims to have secured the first knowledge of the attempt to break jail through a question from Dr Thaddeus Hayward, who came to his office and wanted to know what he would charge to go away with a man and keep him under cover for one year

The detective describes the effrontery exhibited by Harry in requesting Quinland to send to Chicago or St. Louis for a real live cutthroat who knew his business and be ready, for a consideration, to enter Elder Stewart's house, blow chloroform through a quill into the elder's bedroom, and when he was "gone off" to enter the room, "remove" him with a rope around his neck and clean out the place Harry was to put the thug "on" so he could make a rich haul and people would think the elder had been murdered for his money.

ATLANTA EXPOSITION.

The Buckeye State Has a Big Delegation In Attendance.

ATLANTA, Dec. 5.—The Buckey state sent a big delegation to this city yesterday, and the Ohioans were well received. The First regiment O N G. and the Cincinnati chamber of commerce brought a great delegation with them, and the exposition was in every sense in the possession of the visitors from Governor McKinley's state Governor McKinley could not accompany the visitors. Today other big Ohio delegations arrived, and the number of Ohioans in the city will probably reach 3,000.

GRAND ARMY ENCAMPMENT.

Grand Parade of Old Veterans Will Take Place on Wednesday, Sept. 2, 1896.

ST PAUL, Dec. 5 —The administrative council of the Grand Army fixed the date for the next encampment as Sept 1–4, 1896. On Tuesday, Sept. 1, will come the naval parade and opening day. Sept 2 the grand parade, which may be the last ever held, and on Thursday and Friday, Sept. 3 and 4, the encampment proper will be in session.

NICARAGUA CANAL.

Opposition to Allowing the United States to Construct It.

MANAGUA, Nicaragua, Dec 5.—Great opposition is manifested to the president's announced intention of allowing the United States to superintend the survey and construction of the Nicaragua canal Many signatures are being obtained to a petition which will be presented to congress asking that steps be taken to frustrate the purpose of Nicaragua's president

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5. — The statement of the condition of the treasury shows: Available cash balance, $175,564,336; gold reserve, $79,265,966.

"Touched" Them All.

BRAZIL, Ind., Dec. 5.—Every saloonkeeper in Perth, this county, has been fined for violating the Nicholson law.

DAY IN THE SENATE.

Monroe Doctrine the Subject of the First Formal Speech.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5.—The senate worked yesterday while the house enjoyed a recess, but most of the business transacted was of a routine character.

Mr. Hoar showed the disposition toward co-operation with the president in dealing with the Turkish question by offering a resolution denouncing the recent atrocities in Turkey and assuring the executive branch of cordial indorsement by congress of a vigorous course for the protection of American citizens in Turkey and the suppression of the barbarities against christianity. Mr Hoar did not ask immediate action on the resolution, but he secured the adoption of another resolution requesting the president to submit to the senate all correspondence relating to Turkey. The resolution makes specific inquiry as to what American consuls are absent from their posts by reason of the disorder prevailing.

The first formal speech of the session was made by Mr. Allen (Pop. Nev.), on Cuba and the Monroe doctrine. Mr. Allen urged the recognition of the Cuban insurgents, the annexation of Cuba and a strong foreign policy.

The influx of bills continued, several hundred being added to those already introduced. Among them were the following:

By Senator Lodge, to ammend the immigration laws, excluding all immigrants between 14 and 60 who can not both read and write the English language.

By Senator Gray, to incorporate the international American bank in accordance with the recommendations of the international American conference.

By Senator Sherman, for the readjustment and increase of pensions granted on account of loss of limbs.

By Senator Voorhees, providing punishment for persons guilty of contempt of United States courts. The bill makes moving about, talking, or the making of gestures while a court is sitting an act of contempt, and provides punishment either by fine or imprisonment.

CORBETT DECLINES.

Maher Will Contest With Fitzsimmons For Flatic Honors.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—Corbett will not agree to meet Fitzsimmons for the $20,000 purse offered by Dan Stuart of Texas. The ultimatum was handed to Stuart by William A. Brady, Corbett's manager.

Stuart now declares that he will match Maher against Fitzsimmons and hopes to force Corbett to fight the winner.

Gold From the Grass Roots Down.

SALIDA, Colo., Dec. 5 —The strike of gold here has become a certainty. It is estimated that at least 300 people are in the hills and all available land in the vicinity of the strike has been staked off. Assays run from $5 to $25 at the grass roots

Wichita Murder Case.

WICHITA, Kan., Dec. 5 —The preliminary examination of Mrs. Irene Leonard, Orville Williamson and Frank M. Williamson, charged with the murder of H. H. Leonard on the night of Nov. 18, is in progress before Justice Jones.

Utah's Vote on State Constitution.

SALT LAKE, Dec 5.—The Utah commission yesterday completed its canvass of the vote on the state constitution The entire vote was 41,662; for the constitution, 31,305; against it, 7,687; not voting on the constitution, 2,670.

IMPORTANT NEWS PELLETS.

Quality, Not Quantity, Is What You Get From This Dispensary.

Counterfeit half dollars are being circulated in Ohio

The British steamship Gorsdd, from Singapore, is missing

F P. Murphy has been chosen captain of the Yale football team.

The National Woolgrowers' association is in session at Washington.

Speaker Reed is expected to announce his committees by Dec. 15

John Sharp of Martinsville, W. Va., was frozen to death this week

Russia has notified the Sultan of Turkey she is in accord with the other powers

The senatorial committee which investigated Philadelphia will also probe Pittsburg

Gil Gonzales, insurgent leader has been courtmartialed and shot by the Spaniards

Albert Griffiths, the pugilist is charged with trying to murder a New York saloon keeper.

Chief Justice Fuller of the United States supreme court is confined to his bed by a severe cold.

Hiram S. Bowles of Toledo, O., discouraged by reason of ill health, drowned himself in the Maumee river.

Harry Martin with many aliases, wanted in Cleveland for a diamond robbery, was arrested in Chicago

The Republican national caucus authorized Senator Sherman to select the committee on committees

At Connersville, Ind., Walter Wise, 6, fell and a small stick penetrated his jugular and he bled to death

England has notified the United States she will not settle the Venezuelan boundary dispute by arbitration.

Providence policemen have been notified that they must become teetotalers or they can't remain policemen

Abe Batts of Goodland, Kan., has only four toes on each foot, but as the new baby has six, the family average is all right

The case against the steamship Laurada at Charleston S C. for alleged violation of the neutrality laws of the United States, was postponed until Friday.

Notice has been served upon the American Sugar Refining Company of a suit to restrain that corporation from doing business in the state of New York

Rufus W Peckham of New York has been nominated by the president to be associate justice of the United States supreme court, to succeed the late Howell E. Jackson

General Thomas H Nelson ex minister to to Mexico, in a lecture at Evansville, Ind., advocated the recognition of the Cuban insurgents as belligerents, but opposed the annexation of Cuba for the present

Isaac Stegreem, who killed John McCoy at Charleston W Va 32 years ago, and has been a fugitive ever since, has fallen heir to $7,000 at Jeffersonville, Ind., but he will hardly come forward and claim it as it might lead to his capture.

FORGOTTEN RULE

May Aid Republican Senators to Name Committees.

DISCOVERY MADE YESTERDAY

After Adjournment of Republican Caucus, Its Existence May Determine the Populists to Vote With the Democrats If the Republicans Attempt to Enforce It, Which They Will Probably Do.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5 —The Post today will say: After the senate Republican caucus adjourned yesterday the discovery was made that one of the senate rules allows the appointment of the members of the committees, except the chairmen, by a plurality of the votes cast. Inquiry shows this rule, the existence of which had been forgotten, was put into operation as long ago as 1820, and has continued in force ever since. It has become practically obsolete by reason of the fact that for many years the majority and minority sides have arranged their representation respectively, and the state thus prepared has been agreed to by unanimous consent without the formality of a ballot.

The existence of this rule presents a most interesting phase of the senate situation Under it the Republicans can elect the members of the committee except the chairman, because they have beyond doubt a plurality in the senate unless the Populists should vote with the Democrats against them.

JUSTICE UNDER A CLOUD.

Arrested on Two Charges of Criminal Assault.

DETROIT, Dec. 5.—J. Blair Simpson, justice of the peace, was arrested last night charged with criminal assault upon Maude M. Wentland, 14 The act is alleged to have been committed in Simpson's office Oct. 17. Justice Simpson was recently arrested for attempting criminal assault upon Mary McCauley, and was being held in bonds for trial of the first case. The county grand jury is investigating Simpson's record in that line.

DENIED A MEETING PLACE.

Francis Murphy Shut Out of the Churches at Cedar Rapids.

CEDAR RAPIDS, Ia, Dec. 5.—Francis Murphy came here Sunday night to begin a series of temperance meetings. No definite arrangements for a meeting place had been made On Monday all his offers were refused by all the churches of the city. Last night Rev. Frank L. Loveland and other speakers denounced the action of the churches Much bitter feeling has been engendered

Good Grounds For Divorce.

ST. LOUIS, Dec. 5 —A petition for divorce has been filed in the circuit court by Mrs. Carrie H. Hoffmeister against her husband, William H., supreme recorder of the Legion of Honor. The plaintiff charges her husband generally with immorality, violation of the marriage vows and drunkenness.

Cholera In Russia.

ST PETERSBURG, Dec. 5.—From Nov. 23 to Nov 30 there were 47 cases of cholera and 14 deaths from that disease here. For the week ending Nov 16 there were 220 cases and 110 deaths in the government of Volhynia, which shows a large decrease

Suits For $500,000.

HOUGHTON, Mich., Dec. 5. — Suits which will probably aggregate $500,000 are to be begun in concert immediately by relations of the 30 men who perished in the Osceola mine fire Sept. 7 If successful the tax will fall heavily on the Osceola company

Much-Wanted Pat Crowe.

DENVER, Dec 5.—Governor McIntyre has issued a requisition on Governor Stone of Missouri for the return of Pat Crowe of Colorado. Crowe is under indictment for the larceny of valuable diamonds from Chapin's jewelry store in this city.

Beat the Schedule.

BUFFALO, Dec. 5 —The Empire State express reached Buffalo yesterday five minutes ahead of its new schedule time, having made the run from New York in eight hours and 10 minutes—440 miles in 490 minutes, or an average of nearly 54 miles an hour.

Senator Hill on Peckham's Nomination.

FORT MONROE, Va., Dec. 5 —Senator Hill, upon being advised of Judge Peckham's nomination to the United States supreme bench, immediately replied: "The nomination is an excellent one and will be confirmed."

American Capitalists Branching Out.

MONTREAL, Dec 5 —A company of American capitalists, it is stated, has made an offer to purchase the Windsor hotel. The offer made is 50 per cent of the capital stock and bonds amounting in all to $750,000

Train Wrecked.

JACKSONVILLE, Dec 5 —The Savannah, Florida and Western railroad train No 21 was wrecked last night at the 156 mile post between Callahan and Dinsmore The wreck was caused by a broken rail frog

Wants Ward the Forger.

NASHVILLE, Dec 5.—Governor Turney has issued extradition papers upon the governor of Louisiana for the arrest and detention of Ward, the Memphis forger, who has been brought back from Honduras

Shoving the Queer.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Dec. 5 —This city is flooded with counterfeit half dollars.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

RAILROAD PROPERTY SEIZED.

Engines and Ticket Office of Lake Erie and Western Levied On.

LIMA, O., Dec. 5 —United States Marshal Harmon of Toledo yesterday seized the ticket office of the Lake Erie and Western railway here and seven engines in the yard, on an execution in favor of Bert Craig, formerly a brakeman in the employ of the company. Craig secured a judgment in the United States court recently for $13,000 for the loss of both legs in an accident on the road, but the judgment was not paid, hence the execution.

Schooner Sunk by Running Ice.

TOLEDO, Dec. 5 —The schooner Boscobel of Port Huron, Mich., was caught on a bar outside of Turtle light last night and cut down by running ice. She sank in deep water, and her crew of seven men were taken off by the tug Roy and brought to this city.

Will Demand an Increase of Wages.

CLEVELAND, Dec 5 —The stationary engineers of Cleveland are preparing to demand an increase in wages next spring, and in the event that it is not granted, to strike There are now five associations of engineers with a membership of about 800.

Murder Mystery Cleared Up.

YOUNGSTOWN, O., Dec. 5.—Joseph Sloan, alias Vinsen, at Fort Wayne, made a confession which cleared away the mystery of the murder of Charles Rocco here last December. Sloan will be brought here to answer the charge of murder

Lima Northern.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Dec. 5.—The Lima Northern railroad, the northern extension of the Ohio Southern, is to be pushed on to Detroit. This is the authoritative announcement made by President McGrue of the first named road.

Streetcar Runs Into a Freight Train.

LORAIN, O., Dec. 5.—A streetcar loaded with people ran into a freight train at the Cleveland, Lorain and Wheeling crossing last night and was badly demolished. The passengers had a miraculous escape from injury or death.

Escaped Convict Captured.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec. 6.—Charles, alias Jack, Miller, who escaped from the Joliet (Ills.) penitentiary Oct. 24, 1895, where he was serving 20 years for burglary was captured by local police officers

Father Michenfelder Suspended.

PERRYSBURG, O., Dec. 5.—Father Michenfelder has been suspended by the bishop for charging members of his church with being immoral and denouncing one as a thief.

She Was Hypnotized.

AKRON, O., Dec. 5 —Eliza E. Falts has sued for a divorce from her husband, alleging she was married against her will while hypnotized.

Akron Grocer Assigns.

AKRON, O., Dec 5 — Byron C. Thomas, an Akron grocer, assigned. The assets, $1,500, are $200 less than the liabilities

Tried to Swing Off.

COLUMBUS, O., Dec 5 —A young woman named Ada Dearth attempted suicide at the city prison.

Jury In Colt Case.

CIRCLEVILLE, O., Dec 5 —A jury to try the Colt case has finally been obtained

Weather Indications.

For Ohio and West Virginia—Fair; cold; becoming warmer; northeastern winds

For Indiana—Partly cloudy, colder, westerly winds

Ecuadorians and Colombians Fight.

COLON, Colombia, Dec. 5.—The Ecuadorian troops, after a fight lasting two hours, defeated a troop of invaders from Colombia and forced them to retreat beyond the frontier.

American Missionaries Safe.

WASHINGTON, Dec. 5 —Minister Terrell has cabled the state department that all of the American missionaries in Turkey are safe and are properly protected.

Confidence Man Arrested.

KANSAS CITY, Dec. 5 —Charles O'Connor, who it is claimed by the local authorities is a notorious confidence man, was arrested here just as he was boarding a train for the west. O'Connor had but Saturday fleeced a farmer.

Burned to Death.

WHEELING, Dec. 5 —Mrs. Lizzie Nevil, a bride of six months, was burned to death by her clothing catching fire from a grate. She was alone in the house at the time of the accident

Destroyed by Fire.

NEW YORK, Dec. 5.—A 6 story building at Attorney and Riverton streets was destroyed by fire. Loss, $30,000.

Swept by Flames.

ROME, N. Y., Dec. 5.—Fire has destroyed property in this city to the value of $40,000 to $50,000.

Poorly Off.

He—My only inheritance is brains.

She—And that is in the care of your guardian.—Detroit Free Press

A Talented Agent.

Householder—Seems to me this house isn't very well built. The floor shakes when we walk.

Agent—Um—yes; that's the new kind of spring floor, for dancing, you know

"And these stairs creak terribly."

"Yes; we furnish this new patent burglar alarm stairway without extra charge."—New York Weekly.

Found Dead.

SOLOMONVILLE, A. T., Dec. 5.—H. H. Morrill and his 14-year-old daughter were murdered on the road six miles west of Ash Springs, and moccasin tracks which were found around the bodies indicate that the murderers were Indians

Tennessee Town Scorched.

NASHVILLE, Dec 5.—Columbia was the sufferer from a destructive fire yesterday which destroyed buildings on the public square and goods to the value of over $30,000.

Lithographers on Strike.

NEW YORK, Dec 5 —The entire force of men employed by the Gray Lithographing company went on strike by order of the lithographers' society of New York.

Murder in a Penitentiary.

JEFFERSONVILLE, Ind., Dec. 5.—In the penitentiary yesterday Convict Herman attacked Convict Able with a knife, inflicting probably fatal injuries. An old grudge.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Dec. 4.

New York.

Beef—Family, $9 00@11 50, extra mess, $7 50@8 00, packet, $9 00@11 00 Cut meats—Pickled bellies, 6¾@8½c; pickled shoulders, 4¾@5½c; pickled hams, 8½@9¾c. Lard—Western steam closed at $5 80. Pork—Old mess, $9 00@9 75; family, $12 75; short clear, $12 00@14 00

Butter—Western dairy, 11@16c, do creamery, 16@23c; do factory, 9@16c, Elgins, 25c; imitation creamery, 12½@18c, state dairy, 14@21c; creamery, 17@22½c Cheese—State, large, 7½@10c; small, 7¾@10c; part skims, 3½@7c; full skims, 2@3c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 23@30; western fresh, 21@23.

Wheat—68c. Corn—34⅞c Oats—28¾c. Rye—42@45c.

Chicago.

Cattle—Fair to best beeves, $3 00@5 20; stockers and feeders, $2 25@3 75, mixed cows and bulls, $1 60@3 50, Texans, $2 65@3 40; western, $2 25@3 80.

Hogs—Light, $3 45@3 75; rough packing and shipping, $3 30@3 40; mixed and butchers', $3 50@3 55; heavy packing and shipping, $3 55@3 70; pigs, $2 25@3 55.

Sheep—Native, $1 75@3 80; western, $2 00@3 10; Texans, $1 60@2 70. Lambs—$3 00@4 40

Wheat—50c. Corn—25½c Rye—46½c. Oats—16¾c.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, $4 30@4 50; fair to good butchers', $3 80@4 00; bulls, cows and stags, $1 50@3 00.

Hogs—Heavy, $3 60@3 65; medium, $3 65@3 70; roughs, $2 75@3 25

Sheep and lambs—Choice sheep, $2 90@3 20; common 50c@$1 00; choice lambs, $3 85@4 50; export, $3 10@3 50.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No 2 red, 67c. Corn—No 2 mixed, 30c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 21c Rye—No. 2, 42c.

Lard—$3 25 Bulk meats—$4 50 Bacon—$5 75

Hogs—$3 50@3 60. Cattle—$3 75@4 25. Sheep—$2 50@3 25. Lambs—$2 50@4 00.

Buffalo.

Hogs—Yorkers, $3 75, roughs, common to good, $3 25@3 40; mediums and heavies, $3 70, pigs, $3 70@3 80

Sheep and Lambs—Extras, $2 40@2 85, good prime, $2 60@2 75, common, 50c@$1 00, spring lambs, $3 25@4 25. Veal calves, $6 00@6 75.

Toledo.

Wheat—64¾c Corn—No. 3 mixed, 28c Oats—No 2 white, 19c. Rye—38c Cloverseed—$4 47½.

ONE ENJOYS

Both the method and results when Syrup of Figs is taken; it is pleasant and refreshing to the taste, and acts gently yet promptly on the Kidneys, Liver and Bowels, cleanses the system effectually, dispels colds, headaches and fevers and cures habitual constipation. Syrup of Figs is the only remedy of its kind ever produced, pleasing to the taste and acceptable to the stomach, prompt in its action and truly beneficial in its effects, prepared only from the most healthy and agreeable substances, its many excellent qualities commend it to all and have made it the most popular remedy known.

Syrup of Figs is for sale in 50 cent bottles by all leading druggists. Any reliable druggist who may not have it on hand will procure it promptly for any one who wishes to try it. Do not accept any substitute.

CALIFORNIA FIG SYRUP CO.

SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

LOUISVILLE, KY. NEW YORK, N.Y.

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COAL OR WOOD!

Our new up-town office is in room of the Marion Bazar.

Our Telephone is 169.

We solicit your Coal and Wood orders and believe we can satisfy you ully.

We can give prompt service.

You can order by 'phone or by calling at up-town office at Bazar or at our yards on Quarry street, west of Huber works.

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J. N. HOYT,

Graduate of Chicago Ophthalmic College.

OPTICIAN.

SPECIALIST

In the detection and correction of astigmatism and all other forms of defective vision. Eighty per cent. of all headaches, neuralgia and nervous troubles are caused by optical defects, and disappear completely when the proper glasses are worn. I am prepared to give the most thorough examination of eyes, the same service as found in New York or Chicago, and to grind special lenses to fit each eye.

Will be at office and residence, 150 Jefferson street, Marion, every Saturday, and on Sundays from 2 to 5 p. m.

G. H. WRIGHT,

The Real Estate Agent

Has a number of fine houses, and vacant lots, which can be bought at figures that insure a good investment. See him.

OFFICE 111½ W. CENTER ST.

A. P. T. L.

The American Protective Tariff League is a national organization advocating "Protection to American Labor and Industry" as explained by its constitution, as follows:

"The object of this League shall be to protect American labor by a tariff on imports, which shall adequately secure American industrial products against the competition of foreign labor."

There are no personal or private profits in connection with the organization and it is sustained by memberships, contributions and the distribution of its publications.

FIRST: Correspondence is solicited regarding "Membership" and "Official Correspondents."

SECOND: We need and welcome contributions, whether small or large, to our cause.

THIRD: We publish a large line of documents covering all phases of the Tariff question. Complete set will be mailed to any address for 50 cents.

FOURTH: Send postal card request for free sample copy of the "American Economist." Address Wilbur F. Wakeman, General Secretary, 135 West 23d Street, New York.

FREE TELEPHONES.

An Ohio Town Profits From Keen Competition.

Norwalk, O., is probably the only city in the United States whose inhabitants, to the number of at least 250, have been furnished with telephones rent free for one year.

The trouble began with the introduction of the Harrison telephone into the city. The company offered a rate considerably lower than that of the Bell Telephone company, and attracted many subscribers. When 200 people had signified their intention of using the new telephone, and the Bell company saw that it must face opposition, it made the announcement that telephones would be placed in business houses and dwellings for $1 a year. This offer at once drew a large number of subscribers, and the list of Bell telephones soon numbered about 300. New wires had to be strung, and, with the Harrison company's 250 telephones, this city of 10,000 people employed over 500 telephones.

When those using the Bell telephone went to pay their yearly rental fee of $1, they were informed that it was not necessary, and receipted bills for the amount were given them. Next year the Bell company will charge for the use of its telephones. The price will be a shade less than that asked by the Harrison company. The latter did not attempt to meet the competition of the Bell company.—New York Sun.

Fit Cause.

Ragson Tatters—W'at's become o' Boney?

Rollingstone Nomoss—Didn' yer hear? Why, dey had ter put 'im in de loonertic asylum.

"W'at fur?"

"Why, he swiped a box from de grocery store an' carried it ten blocks, an' w'en he opened it it was full o' soap."—Philadelphia Record.

MIRACULOUS ESCAPE

BEING GROUND TO DEATH BY AN ERIE LOCOMOTIVE.

Frederick Petsault Drives Directly in Front of a Moving Freight Train—Horse, Buggy and Man Pushed Ahead of the Engine for Fifty Feet.

Frederick Petsault must have a charmed life. It is not easy to account for his escape being ground to pieces, or at least being dangerously injured in the accident he met with Wednesday evening.

Petsault is an aged German who resides on south Summit street. He is employed as a woodworker at the Huber works. He drives to the works in a buggy and Wednesday evening at quitting time went to the sheds at the rear of the shipping office and got his horse and buggy to return home. He drove out into Greenwood street, passing north of the shipping office, within a few feet of the Erie railway track. The local freight was pulling out at the time, going at the rate of two or three miles an hour, and must have been unobserved by Patsault. He turned his horse to the right upon reaching Greenwood street and drove right in front of the engine pulling the freight train.

Horse, buggy and man went down in front of the locomotive and were pushed, dragged and rolled along in front of and to the side of the pilot. The engineer made supreme efforts to stop, and within a distance of forty or fifty feet from the spot where the outfit was struck he had succeeded in bringing the train to a standstill.

Petsault was right in the midst of the wreckage, being almost lost to sight. Those who hurried to his assistance expected to find the man crushed to death or fatally injured. It did not seem possible that he could have escaped, but such was his good fortune. He was taken out of the wreckage and into the office of the Huber works, and a few minutes later, after he had overcome the excitement of the accident, was able to walk, persisting that he was not hurt.

The horse was slightly injured by being dragged along the track, while the buggy was wrecked quite badly, pieces being scattered along the track from the spot where it was first hit by the engine to the place where it stopped.

To those who witnessed the accident it looked impossible that Petsault could have escaped with his life, and men turned away from the sight, unwilling to witness the accident that to them seemed must result in mangling the poor old man's body.

Petsault is bent and crippled with age and disease and does not have the appearance of a man who could go through many nerve-testing experiences like the one of Wednesday evening.

THE WEATHER.

We Are Promised More or Less of It During the Month.

Weather forecasts for the present month indicate that the weather prognosticators are bound to give us a variety. Between this date and the 9th storms of snow and rain are billed to appear. These are to be succeeded by another cold wave. On the 13th we are told to look for warm weather. This is to be followed by storms—more rain and snow.

Another warm period will here intervene and continue until about the 20th, when a very severe cold wave will make its appearance, remaining until the 23d. Again warm weather will succeed, with another cold wave dated for Christmas.

If you can get any satisfaction out of these predictions you are welcome. It is possible that they will not be greatly in error, but it is just probable that they will not hit it by a great deal. In any event it will be safe to bank on frequent changes.

LEGRANDE COUNCIL NO. [illegible]

Elected Officers at Its Hall Tuesday Night.

LeGrand Council No. 329, Jr. O. U. A. M., met at its hall Tuesday night and elected the following officers: Frank L. Jacoby, councilor; W. L. Gilbaugh, vice-councilor; J. P. Uncapher, recording secretary; J. A. Rice, financial secretary; F. E. Harper, Warden; and W. G. Byers, outer sentinel.

The meeting was a most enthusiastic one and the election proved to be a very spirited contest throughout.

The Musical-Literary Club.

The Musical-Literary club meets tonight at the residence of Mr. W. L. Warner, and a fine Chopin program has been arranged for the exhibition of the members.

A cordial invitation is extended to all who may desire to join the club to be present at this meeting tonight at 7 o'clock.

No one will ever regret having joined this club, as it is one of the most enthusiastic and highly entertaining of any organization in Marion.

Undoubtedly Prejudiced.

[Mt. Gilead Register.]

Over in Marion county, down at Mt. Olive, they are troubled with petty thieves. The Star says everything has been robbed in that section from a clothes line to a barn and many dollars worth of stuff has been taken. It is firmly believed that a gang of thieves is working in that section of the country. Marion is becoming a very bad county, politically and otherwise.

Drake's livery, hack and baggage line, No 138 S. State street. Prompt attention to calls for backs for trains, parties or funerals. Phone No. 186. 8t6

STREET IMPROVEMENTS.

The Cold Snap Has Caused the Stagnation of Work.

The cold snap and the clammy decision on corner lot assessments, coming at about one and the same time, have caused a temporary stagnation in the work of improving the streets of Marion. The first named cause of course has had the immediate affect to stop work, while the supreme court's action has succeeded in chilling the blood in the warmest enthusiasts for street improvements.

Work on Delaware avenue paving has been practically suspended for the past few days, yet it is understood to be the desire of council that work on this thoroughfare should be proceeded with whenever the weather offers opportunity, until the street is completed. This is against the advice of the city engineer, who believes that work should be permanently abandoned for the winter.

All that is to be done on south Main street, however, will be to put on a coat of crushed stone where excavating has been done and thus the street will be left until suitable weather next spring. This is believed to be the better and safer course to pursue.

Council yet has the asphalt paving of Prospect street to accept. This thoroughfare, on account of the snow, is not in shape for inspection, and until the street becomes clean it may not be known just how serious the cracks that have been reported to exist there really are. Evidently members of council feel that conditions may prevent the acceptance until there is a remedy of defects. The possibility of such condition is apparent in the precaution taken by not voting to the contractors the full amount of the final estimate.

In the meantime the supreme court's decision has created a pile of work for the engineering department and, figuratively, public improvements in Marion are nursing a black eye.

THE AUSTIN BOYS

Want Frank Wayland Put Under Bonds To Keep the Peace.

J. L. and C. L. Austin, the young men who went to the Wayland home the other evening by the request of his mother to stop Frank Wayland from destroying the household furniture, now want Wayland to keep the peace.

They have gone before Justice McKinley and made affidavit for a peace warrant in which they complain that Wayland has made malicious threats against them, and they want him placed under bonds. Wayland was aggravated at the interference of the young men to prevent him devastating his mother's household furniture. He showed his displeasure at the time by hitting one of them over the eye before they succeeded in overpowering him.

Wayland, who remains in durance vile in default of payment of a fine and costs amounting to $8.50, has asked for a warrant charging one of the Austins with taking an amount of money from him during the fracas at his mother's home. The officers do not have much faith in this charge.

A YOUNG LIFE ENDED.

George Falk Passed Away at His Parents' Home Wednesday Evening.

George Falk died at the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. B. Falk, residing about two and one-half miles south of the city on the Delaware pike at 5 o'clock Wednesday evening.

The deceased was twenty-four years of age and unmarried. For some time he had been ill, in fact since the early spring, but his health was not considered in a truly serious condition until quite recently.

An account of the severe hemorrhages which he suffered Monday has been given in this paper and it was these which finally so weakened him that death resulted, although his illness began when he was taken down with grip which turned into stomach trouble.

The funeral will take place Friday morning at 10:30 o'clock at the Brethren church two miles south of the city on the Delaware pike.

Littering the Streets.

The abominable nuisance, the inconsiderate person who persists in dumping ashes upon the streets, is with us again. That the streets have been made better at a heavy paving expense makes no difference to the aforesaid a. n., for he goes on dumping his ashes as though the public thoroughfares were his own filthy back yard.

Street Commissioner Kinsler wants the Star to say to all concerned that ashes put out on the street in box or barrel will be regularly removed by the city wagon, but unless they are so deposited in box or barrel they will receive no attention. Let all co-operate with the street commissioner in keeping the streets free from ashes and litter. It is easier to provide a box than to dump the ashes on a pavement. And let this one request be sufficient.

We Have Smokeless Coal.

Smokeless coal is finding great favor. We are prepared to supply the Marion trade with the best smokeless coal mined. Orders will be filled promptly. Phone 57 or call at our up-town office. Masonic block.

1112 The Iron Coal Min. Co.

A TALE OF A TRUNK.

SENT BY EXPRESS FROM SOMERSET, KENTUCKY, TO MARION.

It Remains Uncalled For in the Local Office for Almost a Year and the Fear Exists That Its Owner Has Met With Foul Play.

The better part of a year ago a trunk arrived in this city through the American Express company from Somerset, Kentucky.

As month after month went by and the trunk was never called for a certain amount of curiosity was aroused as to who owned it and why it was not called for, but it was allowed to remain undisturbed like countless other packages and only owing to an accident did it occur to anyone that there might be a story in the long residence of the trunk in the express office.

One day some one in a spirit of jest pulled a key out of his pocket and putting it in the key-hole remarked that he would open up his trunk. It was a surprise to all when the lock turned and the top of the trunk raised up enough to allow several papers to fall out.

The papers were placed back immediately and the trunk re-locked, but during the operation it was noticed that the trunk was apparently full of good clothes and that the papers bore the letters "B. R. T."

Quite recently the matter came to the ears of A. M. Hutchison, of the Erie, who wrote to the secretary of the Brotherhood of Railroad Trainmen at Somerset, Ky., the point from which the trunk was expressed, to ask him who Hiram Reynolds, the consignee of the trunk, might be, where he was now and if he was a railroad trainman.

Wednesday he received an answer from F. P. Casey, secretary of the order, stating that Reynolds was a charter member of the B. R. T. at that place and that he left there March 20, saying he was going to visit his parents in Central Ohio.

From that day to this they have not heard a word from him and have not heard of him excepting through Mr. Hutchison. The letter of Mr. Casey says further that before he left he paid his dues in the order up to May 1, and so if Reynolds has been foully dealt with, as is feared at both ends of the line, the beneficiary named in his insurance policy in the B. R. T., will receive $1200, providing his death occurred before May 1.

As forty days expired between the time of his leaving Somerset and the date of the lapse of his policy, it is not unlikely that if he did meet with foul play it was within the forty days, and the policy would thus be good.

Mr. Hutchison is making every effort to secure the names and address of the relatives of Mr. Reynolds, and discover if possible whether he is alive or dead, but he admits that it looks as if the latter contingency exists.

Meanwhile the trunk remains undisturbed in the local office of the American Express company.

LIME CITY COUNCIL

Met Wednesday Night at Its Hall and Elected Officers.

Lime City Council, No. 296, Jr. O. U. A. M., met at its hall Wednesday night and elected officers as follows:

D. H. LaRue, councilor; Harry D. Irwin, vice councilor; Frank Renzenberger, recording secretary; J. B. Luke, assistant recording secretary; A. L. Mack, financial secretary; Geo. McKinley, treasurer; Ed Gunder, warden; M. B. Dickerson, conductor; J. Edsell, inner sentinel; W. H. Dean, outer sentinel and G. E. Mouser, S. N. Titus and Chas. E. Wiley, trustees.

After the election of E. Andrews and C. E. Wiley as representatives to the state council, the lodge adjourned.

A Senatorial Room on Wheels.

Governor William MacCorkle of West Virginia is an announced candidate for the United States senatorship to succeed Senator Faulkner, whose term expires in March, 1899. Already he has begun his campaign. To facilitate his canvass he has bought a private car, which is called the MacCorkle and in which the governor goes through the state in style. He seldom travels even a short distance without using the MacCorkle, and, as a rule, he has with him a congenial company to enjoy his hospitality. One day he spends with the editors in convention, the next with the Knights of Pythias or Masons, another day he addresses a presbytery or Methodist conference and the next behold's with a gathering of merchants or a labor union convention. A few weeks ago he camped out with the militia boys, and so he goes from one place to another, greeting all and making his private car a home for his friends and a means of furthering his ambition.—Baltimore American.

Stopping a Panic.

One night at a London theater some odds and ends of scenery took fire, and a very perceptible odor of burning alarmed the spectators.

A panic seemed to be imminent, when an actor appeared on the stage.

"Ladies and gentlemen," he said, "compose yourselves. There is no danger—I give you my word of honor there is no danger."

The audience did not seem to understand, and gentlemen commenced the exodus, saying to the ladies, "Come and it all, do you think if there was any danger I'd [illegible]"

[illegible]

For the Least to Remember.

[illegible] the Mona [illegible] there to [illegible] Mona [illegible]—Detroit Free Press.

BY THEIR BEST GIRLS.

Two Boastful Country Swains Held Up by Their Sweethearts.

Edward Vanderwater and William Cornelius were held up the other night at Hempstead, N. Y. Both young men lost all their valuables, consisting of watches, finger rings and their pocketbooks.

The young men, it is asserted, had often boasted of their physical courage and declared that if held up their assailants would fare very badly.

The young women decided to put the boastful youths to a test. Vanderwater and Cornelius were invited to call upon the girls at 8:30. Early in the evening the young women, so it is asserted, donned two suits belonging to Miss Beckman's brother. To make their disguise more perfect, they wore slouch hats and false beards and mustaches. They then secreted themselves in the bushes near their residence.

The young men soon passed by chatting gayly, when they were confronted suddenly by two supposed highwaymen who pointed pistols at their heads and demanded in muffled voices that they should give up their valuables immediately. Vanderwater made an effort to run, but tripped his toe on a stump and rolled into the mud and water by the roadside. Then he sprang to his feet and ran home. Cornelius fell upon his knees and begged piteously for mercy. He was told to shut up and hand over his money if he knew when he was wise. He immediately produced his watch, rings and money.

Cornelius and Vanderwater, both badly frightened, held a consultation as to their proper course in the matter. Later the young women who had played the joke walked in, attired themselves in proper garments, and upbraided the youths for not making the promised visit. The girls pretended to be much offended, and the young men made all sorts of excuses for their absence. After having thoroughly enjoyed the excuses and embarrassment Miss Beekman and Miss Dugan asked Cornelius what time it was. As his watch was missing he was obliged to make further excuses. The girls finally handed Cornelius his watch and valuables and admonished him to act like a man and not to fall on his knees and beg for mercy when held up.—New York Sun.

NEW MAMMOTH CAVE.

Curious Archaic Discovery In a Quarry In New Jersey.

A force of men at work getting out building stone at a large quarry a short distance below Phillipsburg, N. J., accidentally discovered a mammoth cave that promises to yield the owner of the property a handsome income.

The men were getting ready to blast when one of their number struck a crowbar with considerable force on what seemed to be a hard piece of stone. To his surprise the bar went clear through and disappeared entirely. This led to the investigation and the uncovering of the cave.

As far as the research has gone, the chamber opened up is nearly 150 feet long and seems to be divided into numerous circular and oblong shaped rooms, one of which has something in it that looks like petrified wood. Pieces have been removed and will be submitted to scientific test to determine its character. There are caverns extending in divers directions that have not yet been explored. From some of them there is a rush of air, as though they might have a surface opening.

Stalactites and other crystal formations are numerous, and some of them are very large and beautiful. Several specimens have been secured and sent to Philadelphia for examination. Quite a quantity of bones have been found, and one report says that several skulls have been unearthed.

There will be a thorough examination of the cave by exploring parties, with a view to learning its dimensions, its contents and its connection, if any, with the outside world. No one will be allowed to enter the cave until after the exploring party makes its report.—New York Recorder.

Masses as Lottery Prizes.

The latest and most ingenious application of the lottery principle is that devised by some of the reverend clergy, who have introduced the scheme of selling to the faithful tickets at 10 cents each in a lottery that has some marvelous prizes—nothing less than masses for the souls of the dead. In one church the other day 7,000 tickets were sold at 10 cents each, netting $700.

The prizes were four principal ones, and there were 20 minor ones. The first prize was 30 masses, which the lucky winner could apply to the extraction from purgatorial torment of some relative, or, lacking that, of some friend.—Mexican Herald.

Adventures of the Twins.

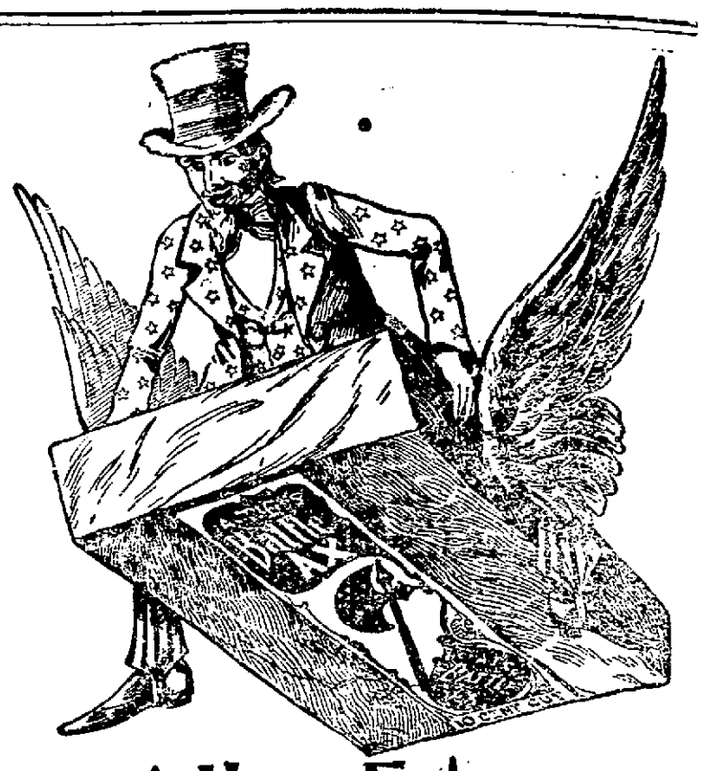
[In memory and humble imitation of Eugene Field.]

Drowsy Head and Tired Feet
Went for a sail one night
On the stream that flows to Sleep's Retreat,
With the haven of Rest in sight.
They sailed in a boat of yellowest wax,
That was cast in a fairy's mold,
With a sail of filmiest cobweb flax
And shrouds of fine spun gold.

They came quite soon to the Port of Snore,
Which wasn't so very far,
And once they steered too close to there
And bumped on the Waking bar.
But Drowsy Head gave a gentle push,
And Tired Feet gave a kick,
And on they whirled through the eddy of Hush
To the rapids of See Things Quick.

The marvelous things they saw and did
If told would fill a book,
But some got lost, and the rest are hid
In a corner of Imagination's nook.
But the things they saw were such strange sights,
And the things they did so queer,
That you'll have to go to Dream's Delights
And see for yourself, my dear.

But the strangest thing of all was this:
For back to earth they came
One got lost on the Isle of Bliss,
And the other lost his name;
For when they passed through Sub Rosa lake
And the swamps of Blink and Yawn,
Drowsy Head was Wide Awake
And Tired Feet was gone.—New York Sun.



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THE LARGEST PIECE OF GOOD TOBACCO EVER SOLD FOR 10 CENTS

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HOLIDAYS are near and all the grocers should be happy. The Big Grocery Store and its customers rejoice together. They have confidence in one another. The people of Marion, when trading with us, feel perfectly at ease, knowing they will receive greater value for their money than anywhere else. We have three times the stock you find anywhere else. Our large purchases and selling strictly for cash (which prevents losses from bad accounts which credit stores all make) enable us to make lower prices on first quality of goods than you find anywhere else. Every person who wants to economize should buy their groceries at

THE BIG WHOLESALE AND RETAIL
CASH GROCERY STORE.
I. B. CARLISLE.

Noah's Ark,

with animals, will be sent, postpaid, to any address on receipt of three 2-ct. stamps. The animals are on cardboard—two and three inches high, naturally colored, and will stand alone. They can be arranged in line or groups, making an interesting object lesson in natural history. This offer is made solely for the purpose of acquainting mothers with the merits of

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Send for a set for each of the children. Address
WILLIMANTIC THREAD CO., Willimantic, Conn.

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D BOY OF EUROPE.

ERS ARE APPARENTLY AFRAID TO SPANK HIM.

Unspeakable Turk Would Have Been ndly Thrashed Long Ago if It Were t For the Problem of Dividing the nls—The Sultan and His People.

t is ever definitely decided that the must leave Europe, that the crum- Ottoman empire must be given nishing stroke and that the time ome for "the sick man" to swallow e that will end his malady by end- his existence, then will Europe face to face with a crisis that has been dreaded.

-t now it looks as if that crisis about to arrive. Once more Abdul il, sultan of sultans and whatnot ordinary, has shown himself inca- of governing his patchwork em-

ABDUL HAMID II.

Once more the shrieks of murdered stians have made the world thrill horror and indignation. Once has he disregarded his oft repeat- romises of reform.

almost seems that the patience of owers could not possibly be taxed nother moment. But the Turk is odly an awkward fellow to deal . If it were merely a question of sing the weak and vacillating arch who now rules the land of the ent the fleets of half a dozen na- would quickly bring him to terms. hat is only part of the problem. en the Turk is turned out of pe, who is to have his country? ssia is ready to sweep it up and it a highway to India. Undoubt- the czar would undertake to insure and prosperity to all Armenia. t John Bull objects. The British e may shout itself hoarse in de- ing that the Armenian outrages be stopped, but as long as the fall e sultan means an extension of ussian domain the shouts will be in.

gland is not anxious to acquire ish territory herself, but she does vant Russia in control of the Dar- lles and the Bosporus. Germany most equally jealous, while Italy, ce and Spain are ready to protect it like motives.

is is the situation.

ere are enough other complications ake the problem one to puzzle the st diplomats of the age. The puzzle changed in its minor details from ro year like the formations in a leoscope. But it has always been a le.

present a magnificent fleet of war- is hovering around the island of os, which lies off the entrance to Dardanelles, the gateway to the k sea.

gland alone has 27 vessels in the terranean and Red sea and the r of these are cruising in the Ægean For instance, among them is the illes, flagship of the British squad- and one of the largest fighting ships t. Some of her guns can throw a steel otile weighing 1,250 pounds at the of more than 2,000 feet per second. u steam 17.5 knots an hour and broadside from four of these enor- guns. To consider the havoc which ship alone could do in a city like tantinople is enough to make a r man than Abdul Hamid shake in hoes.

ly, France, Germany and Russia ve big squadrons in this same lo- , and they are composed of modern es of destruction, completely up to in equipment and armament. There 1 out 80 ships in all, and they are in a day's sail of Constantinople. oom of the first gun would be a l which would send twice as many

IK PASHA, MINISTER OF FOREIGN AFFAIRS

steaming toward the narrow - which separate Europe from Asia. ere is still another side to the ques- If the combined powers should de- that the Turk must go, would the n fight?

ere is not much doubt that he d. He would be whipped—that is question—but it must be remem- that he comes from a race of he is a direct descendant of the Grim, who dreaded Persia, Egypt and Syria in blood, doubled his empire and inspired all Europe with terror.

It is true that from Selim II to Abdul Hamid II the royal house of the Ottomans has degenerated rapidly, yet the Turk has always been found dangerous when in a corner. In the language of the small boy, "He don't know when he's licked."

Time and time again the Turks fought the Russians, always losing in later years, but always returning to the fray with fanatical zeal, fostered by a religion which trains them to be fatalists from childhood.

The sultan's empire is a disintegrated one, it is true, but war might consolidate it, for there are millions of his subjects who are always longing for a fight. His standing army does not number more than 230,000 in time of peace, but in case of war he could put 800,000 men under arms.

The Turkish naval force is ridiculously small when compared with that of other European countries. Our two modern cruisers, the San Francisco and the Marblehead, now in the Mediterranean, could destroy the whole fleet of the sultan and not half try.

So it is apparent that but little could be done to stop the advance of the combined squadrons. The best the sultan could do would be to sow the Dardanelles thick with torpedoes and man his forts along the shore. This would only delay matters for a little. The torpedoes would all be fished up within a few days and a half hour's bombardment would silence the forts.

Should the sultan still hold out after the hostile fleet had anchored off Constantinople he would speedily find his palaces tumbling in ruins about his ears.

Aboard the eighty odd ships which would train their guns on his capital would be over 200 six inch rapid fire rifles which could hurl 100 pound steel bolts for a distance of six miles and literally keep the air full of them. No one but a Turk would think of fighting with such odds as these against him, but the Turk is a hard individual to "place" under all conditions, and none more so than the present sultan.

Abdul Hamid, who may be the last to bear the title, is a remarkable man. While the fate of his empire, which is half the size of the United States, is in the balance, he is concerned only about his own personal safety.

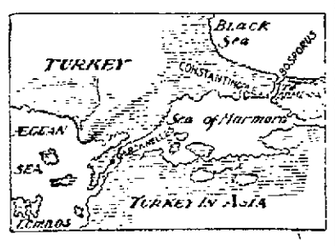
He is absolute ruler over 33,000,000 of people, over every one of whom he has the power of life and death. Yet he does not feel safe in a palace guarded more strongly than any other in the world.

He spends $30,000,000 a year in keeping up a household where he is in constant fear of assassination.

He solemnly assures England one moment that he has ordered the instigators of fresh outrages on Christians to be punished and the next moment he rewards those same men with honors and offices.

He professes to be deeply interested in the education and freedom of women and keeps a harem in which 900 women are slaves in darkest bondage.

The finest palace of the many that the sultan possesses, and one of the first



THE APPROACHES TO CONSTANTINOPLE.

which would be destroyed should the guns of a fleet ever be trained on his capital, is that of Dolma Bagtche. This is a fairylike structure which fairly seems to hang over the blue waters of the Bosporus. Its foundations are on the cliffs which hem in the strait. It was built by Abdul Aziz, Hamid's predecessor, who spent $3,000,000 a year in keeping it up. It is a gorgeous pile whose walls blaze with gold and glitter with crystal, alabaster and lapis lazuli. It is probably the most splendid palace in the world, but Abdul Hamid did not fancy it, and on a hill overlooking this palace built another, which is called Yildiz Kiosk, or the Palace of the Star. Here he lives with the 4,000 persons who compose his household.

It is in Dalma Bagtche, however, that all the impressive functions of state and the elaborate religious ceremonies occur. There he consults with his ministers. These latter functionaries are really of but little importance, for the word of the sultan is the only law of the land. His cabinet officers are mere puppets, who retain their places as long as they do as they are told.

Sometimes they are used as scapegoats. An instance of this kind occurred recently when the sultan dismissed his minister of foreign affairs, whom he blamed for a fresh outbreak in Armenia. The insincerity of this action was shown soon after by his appointment to the vacant office of Tewfik Pasha, who was charged with being an instigator of the Armenian massacres.

Armenia, the country about which all the recent outcry has been raised, is a district in the far eastern part of the sultan's empire and on the Russian frontier. This province, as are several of those adjoining, is overrun with Kurds. Some of the Kurds are farmers, but the majority are nomads and brigands. The industrious inhabitants are Christian Armenians, who are openly robbed by the Kurds and subject to extortion from the Mussulman tax gatherers. Their revolts against this sort of persecution have been followed by the bloody outrages of which we have heard so much.

Russia claims a right to protect these Christians because they are all members of the Greek church, the official religion in Russia. The sultan either cannot or will not protect the Christians, and there the matter stands.

SEWELL FORD.

AMHERST'S ECLIPSE EXPEDITION.

Professor Todd Will Observe the Sun From One of Japan's Islands In 1896.

To travel thousands of miles, spend thousands of dollars and devote three years of preparatory work in order to procure less than a three minutes' view of the eclipsed sun's corona is the task Professor David Peck Todd of Amherst college has gladly assumed. He will head the Amherst eclipse expedition to Japan in 1896 and will be well satisfied if vexatious clouds will only keep out of the way and permit an uninterrupted study of the sun's corona. The eclipse will occur at 3:05 p. m. on Aug. 9, on the island of Yesso, one of the largest northern islands of the Japanese empire, and will last 2 minutes and 40 seconds. If a little cloud should stray along and get in the way during that time, thousands of miles of travel, thousands of dollars of expenditures and three years of work and planning will all have been in vain.

PROFESSOR TODD.

Professor Todd is a veteran observer of eclipses. He has already directed five expeditions and has added much to the world's knowledge of astronomy. He was born at Lake Ridge, N. Y., March 19, 1855, and is a son of Sereno Edwards Todd. He studied for a time at Columbia college and was graduated from Amherst college in 1875. In August of that year he was appointed assistant to the United States transit of Venus commission and devoted three years to the arduous work of reducing the observations of the transit expedition of 1874.

In 1875 he was elected a member of the Washington Philosophical society. Two years later he became a member of the American Association For the Advancement of Science and in 1881 was made a fellow of the same body. When at Amherst, he began a series of observations of the satellites of Jupiter and continued them for 12 years. In 1878 he conducted the government observation in Texas of the sun's eclipse. In 1881 he accepted the chair of astronomy at Amherst and also became professor of astronomy and higher mathematics at Smith college. In 1882 he directed observations of the transit of Venus from Lick observatory and in 1887 and 1889 led the expeditions to Japan and to Africa to observe the solar eclipses. His forthcoming expedition will leave San Francisco next spring on the schooner yacht Coronet.

TO BID FOR BIG CONVENTIONS.

Hustling Niagara Falls to Build a Mammoth $100,000 Convention Hall.

As every one knows, Niagara Falls has excellent hotel facilities for the entertainment of bridal couples, but the fact that she possessed no great hall has compelled her to refuse many national conventions that would have furnished a golden harvest for the hotel men, storekeepers and hackmen of the city. This want has long been unfilled, but if present plans are carried out the town will soon possess a great convention hall that will be large enough to accommodate any body that may desire to hold its sessions near the mighty cataract.

The building will be 170 feet long and 130 feet wide and will cost about $100,000. The structure will be of brick and terra cotta and will be fireproof. The auditorium is designed to seat between 6,000 and 8,000 people and will be flanked by numerous committee rooms and toilet rooms and by a restaurant. The floor of the rotunda will be of mosaic, the interior finish will be hard wood and the plaster work will be artistically decorated. The rotunda will be open to the top of the building,

CONVENTION HALL TO BE ERECTED AT NIAGARA FALLS.

which will be capped by an attractive dome. A number of balconies will overlook the auditorium and in every respect the convention hall will be strictly up to date. The building will be lighted by electricity and supplied with all the modern conveniences applicable to convention halls.

Another evidence of the wide awake spirit that is increasing the prosperity of Niagara Falls is the great 12 story office building that is to be erected in the spring at the northwest corner of Falls and Main streets. It will be as nearly fireproof as the modern architect can make it and will cover a tract of ground 100 feet deep by 90 feet wide. Fully $200,000 will be expended to make it one of the finest office buildings in any city of similar size in the country. In 1890 the population of Niagara Falls was only 5,502, but the utilization of the immense water power of America's greatest cataract has caused a rapid increase in the population during the past five years.

Ice Advices From the Arctic.

Letters received from the whaling ships in the Pacific arctic say that the ice has formed earlier and heavier this year than ever known before.

Russia's Proposed Canal System.

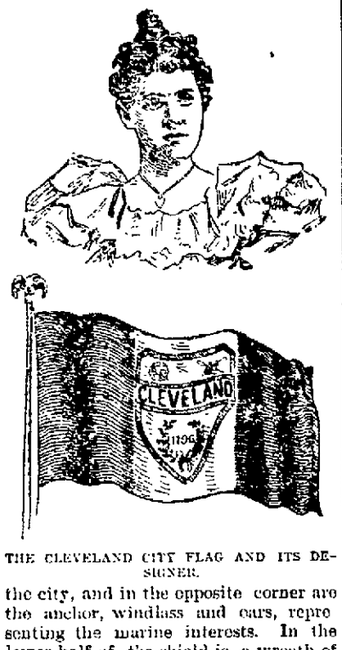
The system of canals contemplated by Russia will have a total length of 1,000 miles and will unite the Baltic and Black se[illegible]

CLEVELAND'S NEW CITY FLAG.

Designed by Miss Susie Hepburn, In Competition With Thirty Other Art Students.

The city of Cleveland is approaching its one hundredth birthday, and in honor of that occasion it has adopted a city flag and is preparing for a centennial exposition to be held in 1896, which it promises shall excel anything of the kind ever before attempted. The flag was adopted by vote of the city council in Oct. 21, and was first unfurled at Atlanta on the occasion of the visit of the Cleveland chamber of commerce to the Cotton States exposition.

The flag is 6 by 4 feet in size, and is made of heavy silk with gold fringe and cord and tassel to match. It has three stripes of red, white and blue extending perpendicularly. In the middle stripe of white is the American shield, with the word Cleveland across the center. In the upper left hand corner stand the anvil, hammer and wheel, representing the manufacturing interests of



THE CLEVELAND CITY FLAG AND ITS DESIGNER.

the city, and in the opposite corner are the anchor, windlass and oars, representing the marine interests. In the lower half of the shield is a wreath of laurel inclosing the figures 1796, the date of the founding of the city.

The flag was designed by Miss Susie E. Hepburn, a fair resident of Columbus, who is a graduate of the Cleveland Art school and of a New York art school. She won the first prize of $50 offered by The Plain Dealer for the most appropriate design in a competition with 30 others. Mayor McKisson was chairman of the committee that made the award, and expressed himself as highly pleased with the new standard which symbolizes the municipality of Cleveland.

OUR MINISTER TO THE SWISS.

Lawyer John L. Peak and Missouri Both Honored by President Cleveland.

John L. Peak, who has been appointed to succeed James O. Broadhead as United States envoy extraordinary and minister plenipotentiary to the republic of Switzerland, is a resident of Kansas City and a lawyer noted in Missouri for his varied scholarly attainments as well as for his legal erudition. He has never been an active politician and did not seek the high office to which he has been appointed, but when the nomination was tendered him the leading Democrats of Missouri unhesitatingly testified to his eminent fitness for the position.

Mr. Peak was born in Scott county, Ky., in 1839 and was graduated from the Louisville Law school in 1860. When he hung out his shingle, he devoted part of his time to the insurance and real estate business and made money rapidly. In 1869 he removed to Kansas City, where he soon attained considerable reputation as a successful criminal lawyer. He was elected prosecuting attorney in 1877 and served three terms in that important office, conducting sin-

JOHN L. PEAK.

gle handed the work that was done a year following his retirement by the prosecuting attorney, three assistants and the county counselor. While he has never been what is called "a practical politician," he has always taken a lively interest in public affairs and has never shirked when his party needed him.

Mr. Peak is a regular attendant at the Baptist church, and for a number of years has been prominent in the Sunday school work of that denomination in Kansas City. He is also an enthusiastic Mason. Before leaving Kentucky he was senior warden of Blue lodge, No. 14, at Georgetown, and in 1884 and 1885 was eminent commander of Oriental commandery, No. 35, of Kansas City. The only political office he has ever held was his office as prosecuting attorney. He has a wife and three adopted children and will leave for Switzerland as soon as his nomination is confirmed by the United States senate. Mrs. Peak is a daughter of James B. Davis, for many years a prominent Kentucky lawyer. The diplomatic work at Geneva is easy and the salary of the position is [illegible]

Singing Mice.

Some few years since there was at Coley Hall, near Halifax, a singing mouse, which lived for several years in a hole near the fireplace in one of the rooms and became very tame, Mr. A. G. Sunderland not allowing it to be disturbed. Many people came to hear its so called singing. This mouse appeared perfectly fat and healthy, and met its end accidentally.

Another correspondent says: With reference to singing mice, I may say that I caught one last year and kept it in a cage. That they do not sing for pleasure, as a bird does, is evident from the fact that it sang even when frightened, and the singing was evidently due to some difficulty in breathing, which, however, appeared to cause it no great inconvenience, as it fed well and was in fair condition when caught. The "singing" soon became monotonous, and I therefore restored the mouse to his sorrowing relatives.—London Graphic.

Major C. T. Pieton is manager of the State Hotel, at Denison, Texas, which the traveling men say is one of the best hotels in that section. In speaking of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy Major Pieton says: "I have used it myself and in my family for several years, and take pleasure in saying that I consider it an infallible cure for diarrhœa and dysentery. I always recommend it, and have frequently administered it to my guests in the hotel, and in every case it has proven itself worthy of unqualified endorsement. For sale by L. H. Flocken, Druggist.

Cruel.

"I like a blouse that matches my face."

"What, like that, all spots?"—Pick Me Up.

There are many good reasons why you should use One Minute Cough Cure. There are no reasons why you should not, if in need of help. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Flocken's drug store.

Use For the Fountains.

He was leaning against a building and gazing at a drinking fountain for horses.

"It is very creditable to have all these fountains for horses," he said thoughtfully, "but"—

"But what?" asked the policeman.

"What good will they be when we all use motorcycles?"

The policeman looked at him scornfully.

"You're behind the times," he said at last.

"Why?" asked the man who was leaning against the building.

"They'll use 'em for storage tanks for gasoline, of course."—Chicago Post.

The healing properties of De Witt's Witch Hazel Salve are well known. It cures eczema, skin affections and is simply a perfect remedy for piles. Flocken's drug store.

A Physical Impossibility.

"Mike," said Plodding Pete, "if you had a $20 bill, would you blow it in?"

"Nope," replied Meandering Mike; "I couldn't blow it in. Havin $20 'ud take me breath away."—Washington Star.

PROGRESS.

People who get the greatest degree of comfort and real enjoyment out of life, are those who make the most out of their opportunities. Quick perception and good judgment, lead such promptly to adopt and make use of those refined and improved products of modern inventive genius which best serve the needs of their physical being. Accordingly, the most intelligent and progressive people are found to employ the most refined and perfect laxative to regulate and tone up the stomach, liver, and bowels, when in need of such an agent—hence the great popularity of Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. These are made from the purest, most refined and concentrated vegetable extracts, and from forty-two to forty-four are contained in each vial, which is sold at the same price as the cheaper made and more ordinary pills found in the market. In curative virtues, there is no comparison to be made between them and the ordinary pills, as any one may easily learn by sending for a free sample, (four to seven doses) of the Pellets, which will be sent on receipt of name and address on a postal card.

ONCE USED THEY ARE ALWAYS IN FAVOR.

The Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation, sour stomach, loss of appetite, coated tongue, indigestion, or dyspepsia, windy belchings, "heart-burn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Put up in glass vials, therefore always fresh and reliable. One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are mildly cathartic. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day after dinner. To relieve distress from over-eating, they are unequaled. They are tiny, sugar-coated granules, any child will readily take them.

Accept no substitute that may be recommended to be "just as good." It may *be better for the dealer*, because of paying him a better profit, but *he* is not the one who *needs* help. Address for free sample.

WORLD'S DISPENSARY MEDICAL ASSOCIATION, 663 Main Stree', Buffalo, N. Y

Odd Delusions.

In a recent lecture in London, by Dr. W. R. Gowers of the Royal society, some curious facts were stated concerning the optical delusions suffered by victims of epilepsy at the commencement of their attacks.

One man for years was always warned of a coming fit by a sensation of thumping or beating in the chest, which gradually extended to the head. Then two pulsating lights appeared, which seemed to draw nearer. In an instant these were gone, and in their place was the figure of an aged woman wearing a red cloak, and always the same in appearance and dress, who offered the patient something that had the odor of Tonga beans. Then the patient invariably lost consciousness.

Another case cited was that of a woman whose attacks were invariably preceded by a vision of London lying in ruins, the channel of the Thames being emptied of water in order to receive the rubbish of the destroyed city, and the patient believing herself to be the only survivor of all its inhabitants.

Still another patient always seemed to himself, just before an attack, to have been set down in the midst of a broad field of grass.

The cause of these singular deceptions lies in the brain, but its mode of working is not yet thoroughly understood.

What a Canton Mother Says.

"I have raised a family of six children and have tried all the cures for colic from paregoric to catnip tea, and never found anything so valuable as Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. It expels wind from the stomach at once and gives such quiet and refreshing sleep. I would not be without Dr. Hand's Colic Cure or Dr. Hand's Teething Lotion for four times the cost. Mothers, give them a trial."—Mrs. H. A. Brown, 237 south Cherry St., Canton O.

A Conundrum.

"'Ere, sonny, where's yer money?"

"Oh, I—I'll give it up!"—Pick Me Up.

Acts at once, never fails, One Minute Cough Cure. A remedy for asthma, and that feverish condition which accompanies a severe cold. The only harmless remedy that produces immediate results. Flocken's drug store.

Too Personal.

"Knickerbockers?" she said. "Why not? I have a perfect right."

"And the left?" one asked her hesitatingly. But she preserved a dignified silence, deeming the question in the nature of a personality.—Indianapolis Journal.

The wife of Mr. D. Robinson, a prominent lumberman of Hartwick, N. Y., was sick with rheumatism for five months. In speaking of it Mr. Robinson says: "Chamberlain's Pain Balm is the only thing that gave her any rest from pain. For the relief of pain it cannot be beat." Many very bad cases of rheumatism have been cured by it. For sale at 50 cents per bottle by L. H. Flocken, Druggist.

Say Under Thirty.

"Woman has ruled the world during untold ages."

"And she is even more influential during the told ages."—Detroit Tribune.

Say, why don't you try De Witt's Little Early Risers? These little pills cure headache, indigestion and constipation. They're small, but do the work. Flocken's drug store.

Westphalian Witches Were Red Haired.

Soest, in Westphalia, Prussia, was the Salem of the European witch burning era, and, by the way, the witchcraft delusion lasted for three or four centuries longer there than it did in the benighted burg in the colony of Massachusetts bay. The judicial tribunal before which all Westphalian witches were forced to appear was called the vehm gericht and was composed of the most superstitious set of bigots in the province. The trees are still standing under which this witch trying congress regularly met on the commons of Soest and the records of their proceedings are still to be found in the archives at the town hall.

One of the most noticeable things in these queer old records of the days of bigotry and blind superstition is the fact that the pages upon which are written the proceedings of cases in which the accused were condemned to the stake are all adorned with locks of the culprit's hair. The individual hairs of this queer collection of tufts exhibit all the variations usually noticed in such assortments, being long and short, coarse and fine and straight and curly. In one very characteristic feature, however, that of color, all the locks have the same general appearance, being uniformly red.

It is passing curious, to say the least, that in a country where red hair does not predominate all the witches executed during a period covering several hundred years should belong to that class of beings derisively referred to as "brick top blonds."—St. Louis Republic.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cough or cold with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. Better medicine, better results, better try it. Flocken's drug store.

Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Stomach Troubles,

All readily yield to the curative power of Lyon's Seven Wonders. It is a permanent cure. Thousands of testimonials to its merit. Makes the nerves firm and strong. Gives sweet sleep, perfect digestion, mental vigor.

Pure Blood, Perfect Digestion Sound Nerves,

Are sure to follow its use. Sixty doses in a box. Only $1.00. You can buy

LYON'S Seven Wonders

Of your druggist, or address

The Lyon Medicine Co.,

INDIANAPOLIS, IND.

Hon. Dan Waugh, Member of Congress from the Ninth District, Indiana, says:

After receiving the benefits I have from the use of Lyon's Seven Wonders, I take pleasure in saying a few words in its favor. For years I suffered with Indigestion and Stomach Trouble. I used various remedies, but found nothing that gave me relief until I used Lyon's Seven Wonders, which seemed to impart life and vigor to the entire system. I therefore give it my unqualified praise. Yours, etc. DAN WAUGH, Tipton, Ind.

We guarantee this remedy to cure or money refunded.

For sale at Flocken's Drug Store.

He Held a Winning Hand.

A group of those semidudes who hold sway in the outlying sections of the city became engaged the other night, while waiting near a west end station for a car, in exchanging boasts of their records as "mashers," each one seeking to outvie the other as to the number of young ladies who recognized him.

"I am not so nobby as you fellows," said a plainly dressed man standing by, "but I'll bet there are more ladies attracting my attention every day than all of you together."

"Come, I like that," said one. "What kind of ladies are they?"

"All classes," was the answer. "Some of the richest and prettiest seem to be most anxious to catch my eye."

"How do they do that?"

"Oh, sometimes they bow to me, sometimes they raise their hand, and sometimes they shake their parasols—they are so eager for me to notice them."

"But who the deuce are you, that they should want your notice?"

"Why," said the modest man, as he moved toward the carhouse for his uniform, "I am a conductor."—Boston Herald.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing and when it is entirely closed, deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken out and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We give one hundred dollars for any case of deafness (caused by catarrh) that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for circulars; free.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

Sold by druggists, 75c.

A Traveled Check.

A merchant at Ionia, Mich., paid a debt due a Detroit merchant with a check on the First National bank of Ionia. The Detroit merchant deposited the check in his Detroit bank, which happened to have no Ionia correspondent. The Detroit bank sent it to its Chicago correspondent. Why? Probably because their Chicago balance was low and they would collect it at par. The Chicago bank sent it to a Muskegon bank, its nearest correspondent to Ionia. The Muskegon bank sent it to its Grand Rapids correspondent. The Grand Rapids bank had no Ionia correspondent, but saw that its Detroit correspondent was the correspondent of the First National bank of Ionia, on which the check was drawn, so it sent it again to Detroit. The Detroit bank then forwarded it to Ionia, its destination for payment. I find this check passed through six banks, being in transit 11 days and traveled 836 miles. Taking into consideration the postage paid 12 times by the different banks, the stationery used and the time occupied by clerks in doing the business, it would seem that if a short cut for the collection of checks can be devised it would pay to adopt it.—Chicago News.

Rheumatism Cured in a Day.

"Mystic Cure" for rheumatism and neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 8 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits; 75 cents. Sold by H. C. Hoberman & Company, druggists, Marion O

A Minnesota girl of 15 can distinguish no color, everything being white to her, and she is compelled to wear dark glasses to protect her eyes from the glare.

Nothing so distressing as a hacking cough. Nothing so foolish as to suffer from it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cough Cure. It gives immediate relief. Flocken's drug store.

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By W. G. HARDING.

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EIGHT PAGES.

THURSDAY - - DECEMBER 5

ADDITIONAL LOCAL ON 2D PAGE

PRACTICAL LESSONS IN PUBLIC EDUCATION.

Few boards of education in Ohio have taken any action upon the statute that makes it optional with school boards to furnish free text books to pupils. At the beginning of the school year the school board at Springfield resolved in favor of free school books, purchased a sufficient supply and extended the privilege of free books to rich and poor alike.

After ample trial of nearly three months the following noteworthy results are observed: A larger, prompter and more regular attendance in every grade; better progress and a marked advancement in all school work; laggards and idlers nearly eliminated; the work of the schools began the first week and every pupil is up with the class, which heretofore was burdened by many pupils failing to secure promptly the needed books when requested.

Over in Canton another forward step is being taken. A few weeks ago the Canton school authorities announced through the local press that they would provide for night school pupils. They were astounded when they found that no single school room in the town would hold one-half of the pupils who applied for admission. Instead of one room, they found three necessary, which they have provided.

In calling attention to the Canton experiment the Cleveland World says "it is a fact worthy of notice by all boards of education in manufacturing cities that a large percentage of the boys and girls of 14 and under are taken from the school to work in the shops and factories. After working for a year or so many of them discover their need of a better education and are eager to obtain it. They find themselves embarrassed in several ways.

"Even if they could resume school work, their classes are a year or more in advance of them and they are loath to pick up their school work with a class much younger in years than themselves. Oftener they are prevented from attending school by reason of the expense. Unless a night school of two or more hours' study per night is open to them, too many will drift into the great army of ignorance, crime and bad citizenship."

These experiences of Springfield and Canton afford practical lessons. It is a rational conclusion that the highest usefulness of the public schools can be attained by providing free books along with free school houses and free teachers, and a wider range of hours for those whose circumstances will not permit the pursuance of school work in the regular day order.

A well authenticated story, yet to be confirmed by official documents, is told that England has positively declined to submit the matter of Venezuelan boundaries to arbitration, as requested by the United States. Most likely our seriousness in confirming the Monroe doctrine will be put to the test. Perhaps the English recall that the Monroe doctrine was selfishly suggested by them, and think we will not sustain it when it comes to the finish.

Ex-Gov. Kellogg, of Louisiana, wants to see some live, new blood in the senate. All right, Mr. Kellogg, Ohio will do her share. We are going to send the matchless Foraker there next year and if he isn't live, new blood, that particular article is not to be found. Then in 1898 we may conclude to send such a brilliant young man as Jim Hoyt, of Cleveland. We are in favor of live, new blood ourselves.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

We infer from reports that Ohio day at the Atlanta exposition was really one of the big features of the great show. Ohioans have been conspicuous people in Georgia before, but it was a different mission then. They are always victors.

Fifty prominent citizens in Kenesha w, Wis., were arrested last week for neglecting to clean the snow from sidewalks in front of their premises, as provided by ordinance. We don't suppose the example will reach Marion in a contagious form, but it's a mean man that won't give his sidewalks due attention.

THE END OF A DESPOT

THE RULE OF THE UNSPEAKABLE TURK IN EUROPE WILL SOON END.

A Resume of the Rise and Decadence of This Mohammedan Dynasty In Europe. Constantinople No Longer the Key to Asia—What It May Become.

All the signs indicate that the Turkish empire as one of the powers of the world has reached its end. Whether it is to be partitioned among the European powers or is to be kept in nominal life under a government to be constituted by those powers, as one of the latest reports indicates, the result will be the same. The great Mohammedan empire, which at one time threatened all Europe, has existed for the past 40 years only by the toleration of Christendom, and is now reaching the end, and will be practically buried by its own corruption and vices.

It is instructive to recall the rise and fall of this Mohammedan power. Recruiting its strength from the wild and fierce tribes of Asia, it overthrew the effete and decaying Greek empire and wiped it out by the taking of Constantinople eight centuries ago. For many generations after that it was the impending threat of Christendom. It reached its high tide at the siege of Vienna in 1683, nearly a century after the last of the Saracens had been expelled from Spain, and when the kingdom left by Ferdinand and Isabella was already falling into weakness. Since then its power has been slowly ebbing, until now it is on the verge of disintegration. At the same time the process of decay has afflicted Mohammedanism nearly everywhere. The two exceptions indicate the extremes of the scale. In the Sudan the pristine fanaticism and savagery which gave it the original vigor is still extant. In India the spectacle of more Mohammedan subjects than Turkey ever had living under the same government with Christians and Buddhists shows the possibility of the reconciliation with civilized government of that ancient enemy of Christendom.

Exactly what will become of the countries included within the Turkish empire is a puzzle. But it is possible that the charm which has for centuries hung about Constantinople may be dissolved by actual experience. From the time of Constantine to that of Alexander II the possession of that city where Europe and Asia touch has seemed to imply the ownership of the capital of the world. This may have been sounder under former conditions. But the age of steam and electricity has made great changes. The water route to India is through the Suez canal, and Alexandria is the commanding point of that line of communication. The land routes from Europe to Asia will pass through Russia more easily than through Constantinople. Under civilized rule Constantinople may be a great resort, a charming place for rulers and diplomats to carry on their negotiations and intrigues, but it is not likely to become a seat of power to compare with London, Paris, Berlin or St. Petersburg.

Still the change that is coming will terminate an epoch in history. If the European powers can dispose of Turkey without quarreling among themselves, the empire whose term connects us with the decay of Rome will be finally wiped off the map of the world.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

Thirty-five Years For a Few Dollars.

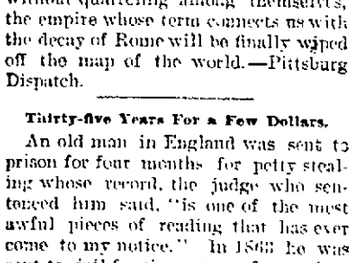
An old man in England was sent to prison for four months for petty stealing whose record, the judge who sentenced him said, "is one of the most awful pieces of reading that has ever come to my notice." In 1863 he was sent to jail for three years for stealing two tame rabbits. He then got seven years for stealing 5 shillings and a shawl, then ten years, with seven years' police supervision, for stealing three ducks, and finally consecutive sentences of five years each on three charges of stealing a coat, a pair of reins and a shovel, with another seven years' police supervision. In all 35 years of penal servitude for six thefts of objects whose value amounted to a few dollars.—New York Sun.

Different Styles of Advertising.

A new advertising wagon introduced in New York is fitted up with two cylinders which keep revolving, giving a momentary view of various business announcements. There are people who would rather spend $10 to catch the eye of two or three thousand people with a contraction of this kind than invest 50 cents to reach a hundred thousand readers in a good newspaper.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

What's In a Name?

As things go, syndicate should be spelled sindicate.—New York Recorder.



Sale of Bonds.

THE City of Marion, Marion county, Ohio, through its Finance Committee of the Council, duly authorized by ordinance, invites sealed proposals at the office of the City Clerk, until 2 p. m., January 6, 1896, for the purchase, with accrued interest at delivery, of Nine Paving Bonds of $1000.00 each, amounting in the aggregate to $9000.00, to be dated January 6, and maturing as follows:

One Bond Payable September 1, 1898.
One Bond Payable September 1, 1899.
One Bond Payable September 1, 1902.
One Bond Payable September 1, 1903.
One Bond Payable September 1, 1904.
One Bond Payable September 1, 1906.
One Bond Payable September 1, 1907.
One Bond Payable September 1, 1908.
One Bond Payable September 1, 1909.

Said Bonds are issued in pursuance of an ordinance of the Council of the City of Marion, Ohio, passed December 2, 1895, entitled "An Ordinance to Issue Bonds in the Sum of $9,000.00 to Pay the Costs and Expenses of Improving State Street from Fairground Street to Delaware Avenue," and Sections 2703, 2704, 2705, 2706 and 2707 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, and are to bear interest at the rate of five per centum, payable semi-annually on the 1st day of March and September of each year, at the office of the City Treasurer of Marion, Ohio, for which interest coupons will be attached. Bidders will be required to state, in writing and figures, the gross amount they will pay for the bonds to which will be added accrued interest on delivery of Bonds. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or certified check on some bank in the City of Marion, Ohio, in the sum of $90.00 as a guarantee of good faith and that the bid so made, if successful, will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law and ordinances. Certified checks must be made payable to the Treasurer without any conditions. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law all moneys or checks deposited by unsuccessful bidders will be returned. The deposit of the successful bidder will be held and applied as part payment of the Bonds so awarded, but, should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept or pay for Bonds so sold or awarded, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Marion, Ohio, and shall become the property of said City as compensation for the loss and expenses attending the sale of said Bonds and as liquidated damages for the repudiation of the bid, and no bid will be received that does not fully comply with all the above requirements.

The City Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept any proposal within three days after the opening of the bids.

All proposals shall be addressed to the City Clerk, Marion, Ohio.

By order of the Council of the City of Marion, Ohio.

M. B. DICKERSON, T. R. ROBERTS, FREDERICK STROBLE, } Committee on Finance.

11-th-td

Sale of Bonds

THE City of Marion, Marion county, Ohio, through its finance committee of the Council, duly authorized by ordinance, invites sealed proposals at the office of the City Clerk until 2 p. m., January 6, 1896, for the purchase, with accrued interest at delivery, of Five Paving Bonds of $500 each, amounting in the aggregate to $2,500 to be dated January 6, and maturing as follows:

One payable March 1, 1903.
One payable March 1, 1904.
One payable March 1, 1905.
One payable March 1, 1906.
One payable March 1, 1907.

Said bonds are issued in pursuance of an ordinance of the Council of the City of Marion, Ohio, passed December 2, 1895, entitled "An Ordinance to Issue Bonds in the sum of $2,500 to Pay the Balance of Costs and Expenses of Improving Church Street from Prairie Street to Elm Street," and sections 2703, 2704, 2705 2706 and 2707 of the Revised Statutes of the State of Ohio, and are to bear interest at the rate of five per centum, payable semi-annually on the first day of March and September of each and every year, at the office of the City Treasurer of Marion, Ohio, for which interest coupons will be attached. Bidders will be required to state, in writing and figures, the gross amount they will pay for the bonds to which will be added accrued interest on delivery of bonds. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or certified check on some bank in the City of Marion, Ohio, in the sum of $50 as a guarantee of good faith and that the bid so made, if successful, will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law and ordinances. Certified checks must be made payable to the Treasurer without any conditions. When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law all moneys or checks deposited by unsuccessful bidders will be returned. The deposit of the successful bidder will be held and applied as part payment of the bonds so awarded, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept or pay for bonds so sold and awarded, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Marion, Ohio, and shall become the property of said City as compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of the bid, and no bid will be received that does not fully comply with all of the above requirements.

The City Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept any proposal within three days after opening the bids.

All bids shall be addressed to the City Clerk, Marion, Ohio.

By order of the Council of the City of Marion, Ohio.

M. B. DICKERSON, T. R. ROBERTS, FREDERICK STROBLE, } Committee on Finance.

11-th-td

Sale of Bonds

THE City of Marion, Marion County, Ohio, through its Finance Committee of the Council, duly authorized by Ordinance, invites sealed proposals at the office of the City Clerk until 2 p. m. January 6, 1896, for the purchase, with accrued interest at delivery, of twelve Sewer Bonds of $500.00 each, amounting in the aggregate to $6000.00, to be dated January 6th, 1896, and maturing as follows:

Three due March 1, 1915.
Three due September1, 1915.
Three due March 1, 1916.
Three due September 1, 1916

That said bonds are issued in pursuance of an ordinance of the Council of the City of Marion, Ohio, passed Dec 2, 1895, entitled "An Ordinance to Provide for Issuing of Bonds of the City of Marion, Ohio, in the Sum of $6000.00, to be Expended in the Construction of Sewers," and in pursuance of the Laws of the State of Ohio, and are to bear interest at the rate of five per centum, payable semi-annually on the first day of March and September of each year at the Office of the City Treasurer of Marion, Ohio, for which proper interest coupons are to be attached. Bidders will be required to state, in writing and in figures, the gross amount they will pay for bonds bid for besides the accrued interest at date of delivery. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some bank in the City of Marion, Ohio, in the sum of $60.00 as a guarantee of good faith and that the bid so made will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof, and the requirements of the Law and Ordinances.

When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law all money or checks deposited as a guarantee shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Clerk subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept or pay for the bonds so sold, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Marion Ohio, and shall become the property of the City for compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of the bid, and no bid will be received if not accompanied with money or check aforesaid.

The City Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept any proposal within three days after the opening of said bids.

All proposals shall be directed to the City Clerk, Marion, Ohio.

M. B. DICKERSON, T. R. ROBERTS, FREDERICK STROBLE, } Committee on Finance.

11-th-td

Sale of Bonds

THE City of Marion, Marion County, Ohio, through its Finance Committee of the Council, duly authorized by ordinance, invites sealed proposals at the office of the City Clerk until 2 p. m. January 6, 1896, for the purchase, with accrued interest at delivery, of Twenty Bonds of the City of Marion, Ohio, each for the sum of $500.00 with interest coupons, payable as follows:

One due September 1, 1901.
Three due March 1, 1905.
Three due September 1, 1905.
Three due March 1, 1906.
Three due September 1, 1906.
Three due March 1, 1907.
Three due September 1, 1907.
Three due March 1, 1908.
Three due September 1, 1908.
Three due March 1, 1909.
Two due September 1, 1909.

That said bonds are issued in pursuance of an ordinance of the Council of the City of Marion, Ohio passed December 2, 1895, entitled "An Ordinance To Provide for the Issuing of Bonds of the City of Marion, Ohio, in the Sum of $15,000.00 to Pay the said City Portion of Two Per Cent. and Street and Alley Intersections in the Construction of Street Improvements" and in pursuance of the laws of the State of Ohio, and are to bear interest at the rate of five per centum, payable semi-annually on the 1st day of March and September of each year at the office of the City Treasurer of Marion, Ohio, for which proper interest coupons are to be attached. Bidders will be required to state in writing and in figures the gross amount they will pay for bonds bid for to which accrued interest will be added at the date of delivery. Bidders will be required to deposit with each bid an amount of money or a certified check on some bank in the City of Marion, Ohio, in the sum of $300.00 as a guarantee of good faith and that the bid so made will be fulfilled in accordance with the terms thereof and the requirements of the law and ordinance.

When the bids have been examined and the award made according to law all money or checks deposited as a guarantee shall be returned to the depositor, or held by the City Clerk subject to his call, except that of the successful bidder, which shall be held and considered and accepted as part payment of the bonds so awarded or sold, but should there be any repudiation of the contract or agreement or refusal to accept or pay for the bonds so sold, then in that case the deposit shall be forfeited to the City of Marion Ohio, and shall become the property of the City for compensation for loss and expenses attending the sale of said bonds and as liquidated damages for repudiation of the bid, and no bid will be received if not accompanied with money or check aforesaid.

The City Council reserves the right to reject any and all bids and to accept any proposal within three days after the opening of said bids.

All proposals shall be directed to the City Clerk, Marion, Ohio.

M. B. DICKERSON, T. R. ROBERTS, FREDERICK STROBLE, } Committee on Finance.

11-th-td

Resolution

Declaring the Intention of Council in Regard To Paving Assessments.

Be it resolved by the Council of the City of Marion, Ohio, That the City Civil Engineer correct all street assessments in accordance with the provisions of the Supreme Court decision on corner lots.

Be it further resolved, That taxpayers be requested to pay assessments as they are now certified to the Treasurer, and over and under assessments and charges will be corrected at the next December and June payments.

Be it further resolved, That this resolution be published in all the papers of the city for three consecutive weeks.

Passed December 2, 1895.

O. A. BUSARD, President of Council.

JAMES WILLIAMS, City Clerk. 9-69

Real Estate BARGAINS.

FRED W. PETERS,

Office on N. Main St., over Deposit Bank.

FOR TERMS AND PRICES ENQUIRE OF

A cozy residence of 7 rooms, close to the business center of the city, south of the residence of Mrs. M. A. Peters, on south Prospect street.

The residence of Mrs. M. A. Peters, on south Prospect street, containing 10 rooms and bath room, with all modern improvements.

A good business block on north Main street.

A tract of land, on Jefferson street, of 3 and 37-100 acres.

MASSILLON Washed NUT and LUMP COAL.

THE PRENDERGAST LUMBER AND COAL CO.

SHOES THAT DON'T LET IN WET

Built to keep feet dry when it rains. A comfortable, serviceable shoe for winter wear.

Tan Shoes — Needle Toe, Calf Lined, Extra Heavy Sole.

Box Calf — Something New Water Proof.

We also have all the latest in Enamel, Patent Leather, Cork Sole, Cordovan and Calf fine shoes for winter wear.

20th Century — The Swellest shoe in town for the ladies. The latest styles.

The latest styles at the old prices.

J. E. RHOADS.

COAL

L. B. GURLEY
Sole Agent for
Sunday Creek Coal
Office North of Jail.
TELEPHONE NO. 87

YAKE'S YAKE'S YAKE'S YAKE'S

YAKE'S

A Beautiful Bisque Doll

OR

After Dinner Cup AND Saucer

With each cash purchase of $1.00 and up.

In Stamped Linens

We are

Winners.

Why?

Because we have the stock,
Because we have the styles,
Because we've lower prices.

Now You Don't Wonder At It Do You?

Ribbons for Fancy Work.

All the new Shades.
All the low Prices.

FUR WEATHER

HERE AT LAST.

We snapped up some good and very low-priced Furs from over-loaded manufacturers. Here is the story in dollars and cents:

$300 Alaska Seal Jacket, latest style, only	$200
175 Alaska Seal Capes, latest style, only	$100
135 Beaver Cape, 30 in. long, 120 in. sweep, only	$65
110 Beaver Cape, 30 in. long, only	$55
100 Marten Cape, latest style, only	$50
50 Wool Seal Capes, 30 in. long, 120 in. sweep, only	$30
45 Wool Seal Capes, 30 in. long, 100 in. sweep, only	$25
60 Labrador Seal Capes, 30 in. long, 134 in. sweep	$40
35 Electric Seal Capes, 33 in. long, 110 in. sweep	$18
40 Moire Astrakhan, 30 in. long, 120 in. sweep	$25
30 Astrakhan Capes, 30 in. long, 100 in. sweep	$16
30 Car Wool Seal Cape, 30 in. long, 120 in. sweep	$15
25 Moire Wool Seal Cape, 30 in. long, 120 in. sweep	$11.98
15 Electric Seal Capes, 27 in. long, only	$5 00

THE CENTER OF ATTRACTION.

YAKE'S

FINE QUALITIES,
LATEST STYLES
AND LOW PRICES.

IN OUR STORE

You are always sure to find a few things worth while, because for some reason or other they are EXTRA cheap. Why not buy

A Silk Umbrella

For a Christmas Gift Only 99c

Ha! Ha! Ha! They Laugh! Who Win?

The many bargains in our CHRISTMAS

Handkerchiefs From 1c Up.

An 8-Yard

Silk and Wool Dress Pattern

If it isn't worth $4.00 we refund money.

Seems Absurd,

But a few to close at . . . $1.98

We have about

50 Cloth Jackets and Capes

You can have them at your own prices.

YAKE'S YAKE'S YAKE'S YAKE'S

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Not Counsel's Opinion.

...el—Can you tell me what was ...th of the stream?
...ss—Eighteen feet three inches ...lf.
...el—Now, sir, what made you ...e it so carefully?
...ss—Oh, I thought some fool ...ck me! (Sensation.)—Judy.

Some Are That Way.

—Why doesn't Mr. Pompus join ...ch? It seems to be quite a good ...

—I guess he feels as if the church ...ld do him.—Detroit Free Press.

...RENT—Four room house in North ...rion. Price $5. Inquire at law office ...H Bartram. w-th-s

...RENT—Nicely furnished rooms in ...e modern residence, convenient to ... Terms reasonable. Enquire at ...e store, 115 south Main street. $ 7-tf

...SALE—New six-room house and lot ...d vacant lot corner Bellefontaine ...nd Windsor street; summer ...n, filtered cistern, have fixed price ...t. Come and see me.
KELLY MOUNT,
437 Bellefontaine avenue.

...SALE—Three pleasant homes on east ...urch street, also two on south Main ...bargain. House for rent. Call on ...right. 293tf

...TED—Hundred pounds of old rags, ...an muslin preferred. Will pay good ...Bring them to STAR office.

...LD—Well educated man of good ...ddress, about 30 years of age. Good ...right parties. Address J. B. C., care ... 10-t2

...resden
...locks
And
Dresden
Lamps
At
...urney's.

...hile all the
...orld has been
...ing ahead
...s there been
advance

CIGARS?
...e say yes,
...d prove it
...th
HEADLEY'S.

...ILROAD
TICKETS
AT GREATLY
REDUCED RATES.

J. WIANT, Ticket Broker.
In Wiant's Bookstore.

PERSONAL.

Dr. A. Rhu was at Prospect today on business.

Rev. J. M. Arann, of Delaware, was in the city today.

Gus Ganron left this morning for Davenport, Iowa.

Peter Baird, of Morrow county, was in the city today on business.

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mayer attended the marriage of Miss Kate Deitsch and Mr. Charles Miller, last evening.

Miss Myrtle F. McKinley, who has been residing on Kenton avenue with her sister, Hattie Fox, has returned to her home in Springfield.

Mrs. P. S. Padgett left this morning for her home in Zanesville, after an extended visit with her son, Geo. L. Padgett, of the Mirror.

John M. Ward, of Dayton, left Marion today after a few days spent in the city, during which time he was the guest of his sister, Mrs. John Darmody.

Mr. and Mrs. M. G. Lowmiller and Ed Huneke, of Bucyrus, who were in the city to attend the Beyer-Huneke wedding, Wednesday afternoon, left for their home this morning.

Mrs. C. W. Douce and children, of Caledonia, were in the city today visiting relatives and friends. Mrs. Douce leaves Friday for Mt. Sterling, Ohio, to join her husband, intending to make their future home at that place.

RAILROAD NOTES.

J. H. Dull, trainmaster of the N. Y., P. and O., was in the city last night.

Eight cars of Asiatic silks went east from Chicago to New York this morning.

C. C. Waite, president of the Hocking Valley, passed through this city last night enroute to Chicago.

New railroad crossings will soon be put in all along the line of the Big Four through the city, the planks for the crossings having arrived this morning.

Columbus Dispatch: The passenger department of the C., H. V. and T. has received from Japan a postal card request for "an illustrated catalogue of the Hocking Valley railway," demonstrating that the fame of the road has circled the globe.

An order was received from Superintendent C. C. Reynold this morning in regard to the matter of conductors endorsing the month and year of the sale of the mileage books from which strips are taken. The order applies only to Nypano books.

An item in this column Wednesday stated that two cars of collars, cuffs and shirts were going through on fast freight from New York to Chicago. The item should have read twenty. They came in on train 77 and left on train 81.

Art Monroe and Bob Fenton are spending half their time showing the office dog, Nell, a beautiful water spaniel, to their friends. Nell has a litter of four fine pups and the boys have promised one to almost every man in the employ of the Erie.

Columbus Dispatch: During the month of October there were in the United States sixty collisions, sixty-four derailments and seven other railroad accidents, a total of 131, in which 49 persons, of whom only three were passengers, were killed, and 173 injured.

Columbus Dispatch: Fenton Ross, paymaster of the C., H. V. and T., who has been on a trip through Europe for the past six months for his health, is being welcomed back and congratulated on the improvement he has made. He has made no definite arrangements as yet for returning to active work.

Watchman Fred Gorenflo is nursing a badly damaged nose. In going home to supper along the Hocking Valley tracks he slipped and fell and his nose was gashed from top to point by coming in contact with the rail. Not a small matter considering the amount of nose with which Fred is blessed.

Columbus Dispatch: The legislative committee of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers will hold their eighth annual meeting in this city next month. The meeting will commence on January 12 and it is expected to last four or five days. The legislative committee is composed of representatives of each division of that order in the state.

Bucyrus Telegraph: A change in the schedule of the Columbus, Sandusky and Hocking road will be made about December 9. It is reported here that a new train will be put on between Sandusky and Columbus with direct connections for Zanesville. Parlor cars will also be attached, running through to Zanesville. The passenger department is at work on the changes.

"Hang the Witches"

Used to be the cry. Now it's "HIRAM'S WITCH HAZEL CREAM" for chapped hands and faces. For sale by
D. M. OSAFFER & CO.,
7t12 Pharmacists

Stationery—Some of the swellest, new creations in fine papers ever produced of the inimitable Crane's and Hurd's offerings. Your inspection solicited.
C. G. WIANT, Bookseller and Stationer.

MARITAL MISFITS

ADJUSTED TODAY IN THE COURT OF COMMON PLEAS

The Ulsh Against Young, Administrator, Cases Passed for Settlement—Pleadings Filed—List of Cases Assigned for Next Week.

J. P. Uncapher, by his attorney, L. E. Myers, today filed in the court of common pleas, an answer and cross-petition in the case of Mary E. Uncapher against Charles E. Gregg and others, setting up two notes of $50 each, secured by mortgage on lots 770 and 771 and sixteen feet of the north part of lot 669 in Spaulding's second addition to Marion.

Mr. Uncapher prays the court that unless the notes may be paid in a fixed time that the premises be sold and that out of the proceeds he may receive the amount due him according to the priority of his lien.

M. B. Chase, by his attorneys, J. F. McNeal & Sons, today commenced proceedings in the court of common pleas against G. W. Bish.

In his petition Mr. Chase says that he held a contract under which he was to sell 195 acres of land for Mr. Bish, by which contract he was to receive a commission of two per cent. on the selling price of the land mentioned.

He says that he sold 160 acres of the land to D. C. Laken for $8,000 and there is due him $160 from that source and that he procured a customer for the remaining thirty-five acres at the agreed price of $25 per acre but that the defendant refused to make conveyance and that according to the contract there is due to him also the further sum of $17.50, making in all $177.50 due him on said contract for which he prays judgment with interest and costs.

Lydia Gompf, Sarah Henry, Cora Kroehner and Nettie Austin, by their attorneys, Crissinger & Quigley, and John Boehringer, by his attorney, J. A. Wolford, late Wednesday evening filed in the court of common pleas their joint answer in the case of Lydia A. Dietsch against John Boehringer and others.

These defendants admit the death of Catherine Boehringer and her relationship to the parties in this case; they admit the probating of the will of said Catherine Boehringer and the appointment and qualification of Lewis Boehringer as executor.

Admitting several other minor allegations of the petition they deny each and every other allegation and ask that the petition be dismissed.

In the case of W. P. Wilkins against Hoch and others, commissioners, J. C. Johnston as attorney for the plaintiff asked the court for judgment on the verdict heretofore rendered in favor of the plaintiff.

The judgment taken before and reversed by the circuit court was against the defendants individually instead of as commissioners. In behalf of the defendants Mr. Crissinger asked leave to file a supplemental answer setting up the fact that the plaintiff had accepted $150 of a $300 tender, and that Clerk Waddell had taken the remaining $150 for costs.

The following cases were assigned for trial this afternoon:

O'Brien against Fields, No. 6780, Monday, Dec. 16.

Malleable Iron Co. against Berringer, No. 6962, Monday, Dec. 16.

Brady against Michael, No. 6933, Tuesday, Dec. 17.

Young against Beatty and others, No. 7105, Wednesday, Dec. 18.

J. D. Guthery & Sons against Huldreth, No. 7155, Thursday, Dec. 19.

Dexter against Griffith, No. 7188, Friday, Dec. 20.

G. E. Mouser, as attorney for Belle Freeland, filed a petition for divorce against John Freeland in the court of common pleas this afternoon, in which she asks for a decree on the grounds of failure to provide, she says that all she received from him since the date of their marriage, January 17, 1893, was a cheap calico dress and $2,) for wilful neglect and profligacy, dissipation and idleness.

The case of Samuel Ulsh against Harry R. Young, administrator of the estate of George Ulsh, was argued by Geo. D. Copeland in behalf of plaintiff and W. E. Scofield for the defendant this morning.

Before the case came up again the case was taken from the jury pending settlement.

In the partition case of Laura E. Albright against Sidney Ludwig and others, in the court of common pleas, Judge Norris today appointed G. D. Marggraf, S. J. Hipsher and Hezekiah Hunter commissioners to make partition of the lands sought to be divided.

Daniel Stockman by his attorney, C. F. Garberson, filed in common pleas court today a reply to the answers of the defendants in the case of Daniel Stockman against Hannah Stockman and Jennette Stockman. The reply is in the form of a general denial.

The divorce case of John N. Holmes against Lizzie C. Holmes was heard today by Judge Norris and a decree was granted on the grounds of desertion and wilful neglect of duty. The intimation was that the defendant had "gone with a handsomer man."

The divorce case of Laura L. Blakley against Thomas W. Blakley came up before Judge Norris, this afternoon, and a decree was granted to the plaintiff and restored to her maiden name of Metz.

The case of Henry Ulsh against Harry R. Young, administrator, was passed today for settlement and the jury excused until Friday morning.

The matter of the State of Ohio against Burdge came up and the court ordered that the mandate of the supreme court be carried out.

THE CHRYSANTHEMUMS

Entertained at the Home of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Kling.

The Chrysanthemum club was entertained by Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Kling Wednesday night at their elegant home on east Church street.

The game of the evening was pedro and the honors were carried of by Miss Loomis, of Tiffin, for the ladies and J. W. Nelson for the gentlemen. Both the fortunate ones were guests of the club.

Though the evening was most truly enjoyable not the least pleasing feature was the matter of refreshments, which, while not elaborate, were yet most elegant and dainty.

The guests of the evening were Mr. and Mrs. L. B. McNeal, Mrs. M. Patten, Miss Loomis, of Tiffin, the charming guest of the Misses Hane, Miss Wallace, Miss Carrie Wallace and J. W. Nelson.

$1.39 for suit of underwear, worth $2, at Martin & Wiley's.

LARUE STRIKES OIL

HER TWO OLD GAS WELLS BEGIN A DISCHARGE

One Well Produced Between Eight and Nine Barrels—The Town Is Wild With Excitement Over the Discovery—Great Things Expected.

Special to DAILY STAR.

LARUE, Dec. 5.—There is great excitement at this place this afternoon over the discovery of oil.

It will be remembered that some four years ago the village sunk two gas wells, one on the north corporation line and the other on the river's bank.

A quantity of gas was struck, and the flow continued for some time, after which it went "dry," and ever afterwards failed to produce.

There was great surprise today when the north well was uncovered and it began a flow of oil. An estimate places the afternoon's flow at between eight and nine barrels, and this without an effort to make the well produce.

After the discovery an examination was made of the well on the river bank, and this, too, was found to be producing a goodly quantity of the coveted fluid.

Great expectations have been revived by this discovery, and the people of this village can be forgiven a great deal of enthusiasm.

An Apron Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Fred Fatzler, of West Marion, entertained about thirty of their friends at an apron party, the gentlemen being required to sew a pocket on the apron of his partner for the evening.

Joe Guthery was the neatest seamster and he secured the prize, a handsome puff tie which he is wearing with much pride.

Delightful refreshments were served to the many guests and an all-round good time had.

$1.39 for suit of underwear, worth $2, at Martin & Wiley's. 10t2

No Bond Issue Contemplated.

Notwithstanding the continued steady loss of gold, it is still asserted at the treasury department that there is no immediate prospect of a bond issue, and that such action will not be considered while the balance remains above the $75,000,000 limit, and not even in case it should fall to that figure unless congress fails to take cognizance of the situation at least to the extent of providing some other method of maintaining the national credit by the protection of the gold balance.—Washington Star.

Thought He Was Right.

Bacon—Let me shake your hand, dear boy; this is one of the happy days of your life.

Egbert—You're too previous, old man. I'm not to be married until tomorrow.

"That's what I say. This is one of the happy days of your life."—Yonkers Statesman.

Awarded
Highest Honors—World's Fair.
DR.
PRICE'S
CREAM
BAKING
POWDER
MOST PERFECT MADE.
A pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free from Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant.
40 YEARS THE STANDARD.

Our Up-Town Office.
Masonic Block.
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"NOT THAT KIND OF A BOY."

Queer Antics of a Candidate For Admission to a College Fraternity.

A. B. Bailey, a young man from Helena, walked down State street, Chicago, at 8 o'clock the other night with his eyes tightly bandaged and wearing on his head an enormous straw hat trimmed with old ropes, onions and two decoy ducks. The crowd that followed the fantastic figure grew so large a policeman finally stepped up and said:

"Look here, my man, are you crazy?"

"No," softly replied Mr. Bailey, "I'm not that kind of a boy."

This did not satisfy the policeman and he was about to take Bailey to the station when four young men, who had been walking on each side of the blindfolded man, rushed up and said Bailey was simply being initiated into the mysteries of the Delta Sigma Delta fraternity of the Chicago College of Dental Surgery.

The explanation was sufficient, and the dental students and their victim wended on. On every corner a stop was made and Bailey plied with questions, to all of which he had to answer, in the words of a placard on his hat, "No, I am not that kind of a boy."

The last seen of Bailey was when he was sitting patiently in a dark stairway on Dearborn street. His companions had started to the theater after asking Bailey if he would like to go.

"Yes—that is, no," said the young man from Montana. "I am not that kind of a boy."—Chicago Tribune.

TO FIGHT THE CIGARETTE.

Professor Laflin to Inaugurate a Crusade Against the Evil.

Professor John M. Laflin, the strong man, he who challenged Sullivan and was used as a model by Gerome, the great French painter, is about to inaugurate a war on cigarettes. Professor Laflin has always been a deadly enemy of the cigarette, but now he has taken his coat off and is going to work to fight the evil in earnest.

He is compiling statistics which would frighten any cigarette smoker who had a particle of sense remaining. These include authentic records of cases all over the Union of boys and young men who have been brought to an untimely end by indulging the habit.

They also include facts and figures which physicians and college professors have compiled on the subject, based upon experience and experiment. This matter will go to form a book which Professor Laflin is writing.

He also aims to band together the Sunday schools of the country in one vast anticigarette league that will strike a harder blow at the cigarette trust than any of its competitors. Clergymen are to be interested in the new movements and there are to be branch clubs in every state and city of the country. No better exhibit could be found for the lecture platform than Professor Laflin himself, who has been called "the perfect man" physically, and who never smoked a cigarette in his life.—New York World.

A HORSE PICKS UP A GUINEA.

It Sticks In His Frog and With the Aid of a Small Stone Lames Him.

A horse belonging to John Brady, a Flatbush, N. Y., teamster, who has been employed hauling earth from the street excavations on the Vanderveer farm in Flatbush, was noticed to be lame on Tuesday. Brady took the animal to a blacksmith's shop. There it was found that driven into the frog was a small, round stone, and when that was removed what appeared to be a copper coin dropped out. A little rubbing brightened up the coin, which proved to be a guinea bearing the head of King George II. and the date 1759. It was in excellent condition.

Mr. Brady gave it to Henry A. Meyer of the Vanderveer farm property, and he will wear it as a watch charm.

The horse is supposed to have picked the guinea up in the loosened earth of the excavation in the neighborhood of East Twenty-ninth street and Avenue G, on the farm property. This is the third coin that has been found there. The British soldiery occupied the farm just before the battle of Long Island, and it is a coincidence that the guinea was found within a few feet of the spot where Captain Vanderveer, whose parents then owned the farm, was arrested before the battle of Long Island. He narrowly escaped being shot as a spy of the Revolutionary army.—New York Sun.

A Remarkable Marriage.

Hylon L. Skinner and Annie B. Curry, daughter of the warden of the state prison at Eddyville, Ky., have been married under peculiar circumstances.

Skinner was imprisoned in 1892 for seven years for killing Martin Bigwood, and came near dying in prison. The warden's daughter nursed him and interceded after his recovery with Governor Brown for a pardon, after which the couple eloped to St. Louis.

Warden and Mrs. Curry have forgiven them, and they will return to Kentucky.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

MOTTO—
Be Up With the Times!

MARION must follow in the wake of the larger cities. Seeing she has made such an advance in large dry goods houses, etc., it is now my plan to make an advance in the TAILORING LINE, such as none but larger cities generally attempt. Being governed by my past liberal patronage from the people of Marion and vicinity, I now offer a plan by which I increase my present large trade, and offer to the people of Marion a chance to wear Tailor-made Suits, and reach the many who have thought they could only afford a READY-MADE SUIT.

FROM NOW ON I WILL SELL
First-class, All-wool Suits for $15.00.
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A splendid assortment of Dolls. Largest and lowest priced assortment in Marion.
Children's Picture and Story Books. We have the best line in town and will certainly save you money on them. No matter what you can get them for elsewhere we will sell them for less.
Albums—we have some great bargains in Plush and Celluloid Albums. Come and see them.
See our line of Fancy Baskets, Stamped Linens, Silk Neckwear, Gloves, Mittens, etc.
We have the biggest, best and cheapest stock of Toys in Marion. Come and see them and bring the children.

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HILL AS A LECTURER.

HIS TOPIC "PERSONAL LIBERTY," HIS DEBUT A SUCCESS.

A Simple Republic Is the Best—Our Government Will Stand—Despotism Must Be Rejected—Monarchy Cannot Stand.

Senator David B Hill made his debut as a lecturer the other night at Milwaukee The subject was "Liberty," and he was a success He spoke as follows:

"My theme tonight is that of personal liberty, rather liberty in its broadest and general sense. It means, as you all know, absence of restraint. In its best sense it means the absence of all necessary and reasonable restraint. It is the opposite of serfdom, of subjection and of slavery. It is the state of a free person as Webster defines it. I only assert a truism when I say that it is, as you know, a priceless boon to humanity incapable of estimation, impossible of alienation by intelligent beings and inseparable from national existence "Proclaim liberty throughout all the world unto all the inhabitants thereof,' was the command of the Lord to Moses on Mount Sinai, and from that day to the present it has been regarded as the gift of the Almighty to his people and its possession has been spoken of as a natural right as distinguished from a conferred social or political privilege.

"It was in this light that Jefferson in his summary review of the rights of British America appropriately said 'the God that gave us light gave us liberty at the same time.' The Spanish novelist and poet Cervantes expressed the general idea when he wrote that liberty is one of the most valuable blessings that heaven has bestowed upon mankind. Next to life itself it has been cherished, guarded and considered as the chiefest blessing that we poor mortals can enjoy. Patrick Henry, one of Virginia's greatest Revolutionary orators and patriots, imbued with this estimate of the value of liberty, expressed the preference for liberty when he wrote the memorable sentiment, 'Give me liberty or give me death.' Addison declares that a day, an hour of virtuous liberty is worth a whole eternity of bondage. Pope, sharing the general appreciation of true independence, says, 'Give me again my hollow tree, a crust of bread and liberty.'

"In the enumeration in the Declaration of Independence of certain inalienable rights with which men are endowed by their Creator, liberty is placed next to life. Life is first in the category. You recollect the sentence, Life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness.' Although in the preamble of the constitution of the United States the objects for which the constitution was ordained and established are recited, and as the purpose to secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and posterity is the last stated, it is evident that its expression was reserved as a climax by which better to emphasize its chief importance. In the preambles of nearly all the constitutions of the respective states of the Union the principal object for their establishment is declared to be to secure the blessings of freedom for the people. In New York, Arkansas, California, Idaho, Kentucky, Maryland, Minnesota, North Carolina, Rhode Island and Wyoming the sole object expressed in their constitutions is for the perpetuation of the blessings of liberty to the people of such states. In nearly all of the constitutions of the respective states of the Union that purpose, although not exclusive, is prominently declared. There are various kinds of liberty, or more strictly speaking there are various divisions of liberty, forms and phases of it, to which society has been accustomed, which are ordinarily regarded as distinct.

"The broad term civil liberty means exemption from arbitrary interference with persons' opinion or property on the part of the government under which one lives Personal liberty especially relates to the individual, and as precisely understood means substantial immunity from governmental control of one's customs, habits and business. Liberty of the press means freedom to print and publish without official supervision. Moral liberty means that liberty of choice which is essential to moral responsibility. Religious liberty means freedom of opinion to worship Liberty of conscience is only another name for freedom of opinion and must be deemed to include the right to be wholly without religious convictions and the privilege to express such unbelief

"There is peculiar significance attached to the word, depending upon how it is used. Webster says it sometimes means a privilege or license in violation of any of the laws of etiquette or propriety, as to permit to take a liberty. In that sense Macaulay speaks of one who was repeatedly provoked into striking another who had taken liberties with him."

Mr. Hill maintained that the form of government should be so ordained as will permit the largest liberty. But society should not be confounded with government. The system of government was best that least interfered with the legitimate and proper exercise of natural rights

A despotism must therefore be rejected because it is the subversion of liberty, a monarchy cannot stand because it is the enslavement of the many, a republic is adequate, because it is the practicable except in small communities

"A government by the people' there is [illegible] which best secures liberty. Such a government is a republic, institutions by the people, for the people, where ultimately the control and property of the state is vested in the people. Liberty is the end and aim of [illegible] the people reserve to themselves the largest amount of their natural freedom. That government cannot be regarded as the perfect of government It assumes that it is so, that the people shall be free to make laws upon the theory that the will of the majority is to be governed [illegible] that government which they serve; it is a system which respects the common right of man; it deems the right of self government a natural right which cannot be bargained away and except for just cause cannot be abridged or destroyed It is but fair that I should say that these views which are so plain and elementary and in my opinion so vital to every free citizen and free government, are by no means conceded, but are vigorously antagonized in some very respectable quarters.

"Professor Hoffman Union college, in a volume recently published, entitled 'The Spleen of the State,' takes issue with these conclusions and seemingly denies the existence of any right to liberty on the part of the citizen and substantially contends that no man has any right except those which are expressly conferred upon him by his government' Governments are divided into monarchies, aristocracies and democracies It by no means follows that the form of government that is best under one form of circumstances is best under another A given state may be acting with the highest wisdom in change its form of government with changing circumstances. Because a state has had a certain form of government which is republican, for example, for a series of years, is not a sufficient reason why it should continue that form It may easily happen that when the circumstances and relations of men grow more complex and the people of the state come to vary greatly in nationality, education and religion, a departure from the original form will far more effectually promote the general well being It is reasonable to expect that where the state becomes more densely populated, the conditions of life more severe the relations of the people to one another and to other states more intricate and complex, the less will become the number proportionately who are capable of deciding what measure are best for the state or what form of government is best to carry them into execution.

"After the announcement of this extraordinary theory he then further says: 'The right of every member of the state to have a voice in the selection of the form of government is not an inherent right. The doctrine that all persons have an inalienable right to participation in government is one of those baseless eighteenth century doctrines that cannot be otherwise justly characterized than as pure fictions, although strenuously advocated by the leaders of the American and French revolutions' And this from a professor in an American college He then goes on as follows: 'The fact is that universal suffrage is as great a crime as the so called doctrine of inalienable rights.' With these remarkable views of government it is no wonder that a few pages on in his book he denies that the best government is that which governs the least."

Mr Hill said the professor erred because he ignored American doctrines of political equality of all men and denied the existence of the natural right of American men to govern themselves. Mr Hill, in relation to the professor's intimation that this country would soon have to adopt a different system of government, said "I repudiate such intimations, predictions and arguments."

"In a monarchy or aristocracy liberty is tottered, and the people's participation in rule is either restricted, limited or wholly forbidden. Theodore Parker well expressed the thought I am endeavoring to convey when he said

"'That is what I call the American idea—a government by all the people, of all the people and for all the people' This principle of freedom in this organization of government, in the first instance, of alienable rights, which is only another name for natural or inherent rights, assumes their possession by the people while Professor Hoffman contends that they have no place and are entitled to no consideration in the forming of governments, but may be trodden or trampled at pleasure

"The fact is realized, and is deeply to be regretted, that there is a certain class of people in our country, not large, but currently respectable, professedly Americans, whose instincts, tendencies and sympathies, however, are not with our plain and simple free institutions, but with monarchical forms of government. They do not love liberty for liberty's sake alone They usually affect to conceal their preferences, but they occasionally crop out here and there They scarcely disguise their antipathy to the plain people, sometimes called the common people but their admiration is reserved for the peers, lords, the earls, the dukes and the counts of no account who dwell in foreign lands Applause They are primarily admirers of advocates of the British government, which they seem to regard as a perfect system They are constantly endeavoring to [illegible] American politics are going to the English pattern, exalting the social political clubs where rank and social standing control and decrying American customs and functions where appear the manhood equality, and where all citizens stand upon an equal footing. Applause These well meaning people, infatuated with everything that is [illegible] ish, forget that for the reason simply [illegible] ish, you know, but [illegible] propose to the fact that the methods of government with [illegible] men [illegible] are [illegible] where only [illegible] [illegible] where the people are without [illegible] highest regard for [illegible] where life tenure for [illegible] the prevailing rule and titles of nobility are wanted, where distinctions [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

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A Warning.

e bloomer girl should remember the clothes don't make the man.—adelphia Record.

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A COMMERCIAL DAY.

CENTENNIAL OF AMERICAN COMMERCIAL LIBERTY.

Chauncey Depew Writes the History of Our Progress From the Time of Washington—Dec. 19 the Day of Celebration.

For nearly 20 years the people of the United States have indulged in patriotic centennial celebrations. From the Declaration of Independence in 1776 down to the evacuation of New York by the British in 1783 the struggle for American liberty has been thus commemorated, while in 1889, with imposing ceremony, was recalled the inauguration in New York of George Washington as first president. By history and oratory the country has been made familiar with the story of its freedom from foreign control and of the commencement of its government. The 19th of December next is a date pregnant with 100 years of progress and development. Our prior centennials presented upon the national canvas the picture of the formation of the institutions under which the people might govern themselves. The 19th of December celebrates the results of that government and of those institutions for the first 100 years.

It is difficult at this time to grasp the situation which Washington, as first president, had to meet. The republic was exhausted by the seven years' war of the Revolution. The jealous colonies, now states, were not able to work together harmoniously. We had no foreign commerce; our internal trade was in its infancy. On the one hand, Great Britain was a powerful and most dangerous neighbor by land and had control of the seas; and, on the other, the people were mad with a frenzy for France and the principles of the French revolution. Another war with Great Britain was imminent simply on account of this insane frenzy for the French revolutionists. It is not difficult at this day to form a judgment as to what would have been the result of such a struggle. France could have rendered us no assistance and England would either have crippled or reconquered the country.

At this juncture that calm, courageous, farseeing man to whose mind and character we owe everything periled his great popularity and the confidence which his countrymen had in him by resisting the French frenzy and encountering the public clamor and distrust in an effort to establish commercial relations with Great Britain. He selected for this difficult and unpopular mission the first chief justice of the supreme court of the United States. Washington felt that the emergency required more than diplomatic talent or legislative skill. He felt that it needed profound legal requirements, calm judgment and lofty character, such as could be found only in the head of that majestic tribunal whose decisions and influence have excited the wonder and admiration of the statesmen and jurists of the world.

No ordinary man, and no man unless possessing great dignity both of office and achievement, could have obtained any footing at that period at the court of St. James. John Jay, in connection and collaboration with Alexander Hamilton and James Madison, had, in The Federalist, fought and overcome the passion and prejudice of the colonists against the adoption of the federal constitution. He, when convinced of the right, was serenely immovable to the clamor and howling of the hour. There never was such a contrast between ambassadors as between Chief Justice Jay, envoy extraordinary to promote the commercial treaty with our then most detested enemy, Great Britain, and Genet, the French minister to the United States—the one struggling to obtain for his distressed, embarrassed and bankrupt country peace and honor; the other seeking to carry the torch of revolution among our people and to involve them in the horrors of a European conflict in which they had no interest and from which they could by no possibility derive benefit.

Jay's arrival in London was an event. English statesmen were just grasping the future possibilities of the relations with the mother country in her European entanglements of this new nation of their own kin across the seas. They were looking not for enemies, but for allies. Always, as English statesmen are, students of the development of the principles of Magna Charta and the bill of rights, they saw the possibilities of the future of this new authority in government overriding kings and parliaments by its decisions—the supreme court of the United States. Its majesty, its dignity and its power appealed to their imagination in the person of Chief Justice John Jay. It is the unwritten story of impressions, associations and influences of the day which makes the history of nations.

We have the Jay treaty. We read of the abuse and condemnation with which it and its author were received in this country. We know the thinly veiled hatred which England held for our country, and we wonder how the treaty was obtained by which such marvelous concessions under all the conditions were secured, and we wonder still more why its benefits were not appreciated. The freedom of the seas for American ships, free intercourse by our inland lakes and rivers, free access to the ports of Great Britain and its colonies, the protection of the American flag for our citizens, their ships and their trade, the opening of the ports of the world to American enterprise and commercial genius, the outstanding of our territorial growth by the removal of all British troops from the western posts—these were the results of the treaty obtained by Chief Justice Jay from the British government.

New York, then, as now, the commercial center of the republic, appreciated the treaty. So did the commercial men of Boston and Philadelphia. Against it were arrayed all the French among the agricultural population, [illegible] eighteenths of our people, and the west and the south. For it was every statesman whose name has survived the century. It was ratified and went into effect, as no other great measure ever was ratified and went into effect in a free country, against the desires and the judgment and the expressions of the people, by the power and influence of George Washington.

From the year of its ratification began American commerce. New shipyards were constructed, and a fleet of American merchantmen was seen upon the seas. In the harbors of Great Britain and all the continental nations of Europe and in the ports of the orient appeared this strange flag, under which the merchants and the traders of the world began to discover that there sailed a new, most enterprising and most adventurous recruit to the ranks of the trade and commerce of the world. Through the gateway but partly opened by the Jay treaty came a volume of trade which liberalized the laws and broke down the time honored restrictions of the centuries. While Europe felt the influence in a hundred ways, and most beneficially, of the American addition to her markets, we, on the other hand, started upon that career of commerce with the world and internal trade with ourselves which, in a century, has outstripped the achievements of the ages. The figures of American commerce from 1795 to 1895 are romance and reality, fiction and fact. They make mathematics poetical, and they make poetry mathematics.

Such in brief outline is the story to be commemorated on the 19th of December. It should appeal to every commercial body in the United States. At that time the seed was planted of which each of them is the growth. It should be "commercial day" from one end of this country to the other, in reverent recognition of the origin of American commerce and the creation of the conditions under which every board of trade and chamber of commerce exists in the United States today.—Chauncey M. Depew in New York Sun.

OLD UNCLE TOM.

The Original of Mrs. Stowe's Novel Almost Reduced to Starvation.

George Harris, the old negro who is the original Uncle Tom in Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe's book, "Uncle Tom's Cabin," is living in Lexington, Ky., at 37 Race street, in a destitute condition. He will be 84 years old next March, and is very feeble. His condition is pitiable, being too proud to beg, and going many days without food.

In an interview he said that he had been living on 5 cents a day. The negroes, for whose freedom he worked for years, do not appreciate his labors in their behalf. They have made no effort to save him from starvation, and were it not for a few white friends he would starve to death.—New York Recorder.

New Labor Proposition.

Count Herbert Bismarck has lately been stumping Prussian Saxony in the interests of the agrarians. In one of his speeches he defended the grain bill drafted by Count Kanitz and in another speech he came out in favor of bimetallism, protective tariffs and the introduction of an eight hour day upon all of the imperial docks and wharves, to go into effect April 1, 1896.

At present the employees work ten hours. An eight hour day, he argued, running from 7 o'clock in the morning to 3 o'clock in the afternoon, with a quarter of an hour for breakfast and the same length of time for dinner, closing the works at 3 o'clock, would give the men time for daylight recreation.

He strongly urged a trial of this system. If it should prove to be detrimental to the work after a trial of six months' duration, he said, it could be abandoned and the existing system resumed.—New York Journal.

A New National Park.

A dozen generals and other officers who wore the blue have gone south from Chicago to meet representative leaders of the gray to arrange details for a petition to congress to make the battlefield of Vicksburg a national military park. They form together the officers and directors of the Vicksburg Military Park association, organized last month. The battlefield will be accurately located, and the ground occupied by both armies in the contest will be gone over by the members of the association. It is hoped by this united action congress may be induced to make an appropriation sufficiently large to convert the battlefield into a suitable monument honoring the soldiers of both sides who died on the historic spot.—Atlanta Constitution.

A Candidate For Statehood.

Oklahoma is the latest candidate for admission into the Union, a statehood convention having been called to meet early in December. As Oklahoma's population is 250,000 or more and she now has an assessed valuation of $30,000,000, she would make a much more creditable state than either Arizona or New Mexico. If the Creek, Choctaw and Chickasaw Nations should join in the movement, as it is intimated they may, thus throwing state lines around the Indian Territory, her claim would be irresistible.—Chicago Tribune.

His Strange Mission.

Henry Shull, an old and wealthy farmer living near Auburn, Ind., has just left for Montana on a strange mission. Several days ago he had a vivid dream, in which was pictured the exact spot where some miners, pursued by Indians, had buried a large amount of gold years ago. At first the old gentleman paid no attention to the dream, but the memory of it clung to him so tenaciously that he at last made up his mind to investigate the matter and set his mind at rest.—Cincinnati Enquirer.

A Novelty Anyway.

For president, Senator William Eaton Chandler. Platform, Down with the Prince of Wales.—Chicago Record.

OUR YOUNG FOLKS.

Tommy Tawny's Brain Is a Little Too Active, but Mamma Rabbit Understands His Case.

"Tommy Tawny."

The little schoolmistress, Miss Sharpnose, was calling over the attendance list, and here she came to a pause.

Instead of the usual squeak which answered the calling of such names as Mary Snowball, Peter Longtail, Jack Brownspot, etc., there was no answer at all, and some one giggled.

Miss Sharpnose looked very severely at the youthful offender and frowned. Then she made a very black mark against Tommy Tawny's name and shut the book with a bang.

Tommy Tawny had only been at school once that week, and in that one day he had done enough mischief to

HE SCUTTLED AWAY DOWN THE BURROW.

last for a month at least. And, of course, he was up to mischief now—nobody doubted that for one moment.

Early that morning, when his father and mother had started off to do their shopping, his grandfather had said:

"The day is so beautiful that I will take my stool and paper and sit outside, and when Grandfather Graycoat comes to pay me his usual visit we can have a nice talk in the open air." And he did so.

Now, Tommy Tawny's busy little brain instantly saw a chance for having what he called "fun," and he set to work about it at once.

First of all, he hunted till he found some string. Then he stretched it across the path where he knew Grandfather Graycoat would come, and then sat down behind a tree and waited.

He was chuckling to himself at the idea of the old rabbit tumbling over the string, how his spectacles would fall from his nose, and how foolish he would look, when he heard a sound of footsteps coming very near. He put out his head to look, and saw, to his terror, not Grandfather Graycoat, but his mother and father coming back from their marketing.

He had no time to undo the string, so scuttled away down the burrow and was sitting there as quietly as could be, when his mother, who had hurt herself very much, came in.

Of course she knew who was the culprit and whipped him soundly, and Grandfather Graycoat, who was coming along, said as he heard his squeals:

"That terrible Tommy Tawny is in trouble again."

Christmas In France.

The 6th of December is dedicated to St. Nicholas, when the young people are reminded that the saint brought to life three boys killed by a wicked innkeeper. This trio in a tub are represented on the gingerbread cakes. On St. Nicholas' eve the children's shoes and stockings are put up the chimney and a large sheet drawn across it. Processions are formed also, in which St. Nicholas figures with Pere Fouettard in black robes. The saint reigns supreme till the new year. Christmas trees and illuminated burning logs play their part in the observance of Christmas in France, which, however, sinks into insignificance before New Year's day.

A Fish That Befriends Man.

In the South seas there dwells a fish that, from its many bright colors, bears the popular name of the parrot fish. It seems to have but one aim in life, and that is to prevent the growth of coral reefs. Thus it well deserves to be called the friend of man, for these below the sea reefs would, were their extension not checked, prove a source of danger to the numerous ships that plow the Pacific. These pretty Poll fishes break up the new coral with their strong teeth—in a sense actually feeding upon it, for they digest the animal matter which it may happen to contain.

Hungry Jack.

Jack was up in the morning early;
Now he's ready his breakfast to eat.
And as he munches he thinks that surely
Never was anything half so sweet
As the plain bread and butter and simple fare
That he eats while he sits on the kitchen chair.

Short double breasted coats of black, brown or green velvet, faced on the revers and collar with fur, or white cloth edged with fur, are among the novelties in outside garments.

DUTCH COLONIAL STYLE.

Plans For a Neat, Artistic and Cozy Home, Can Be Built For $2,850.

(Copyright, 1895, by George Palliser.)

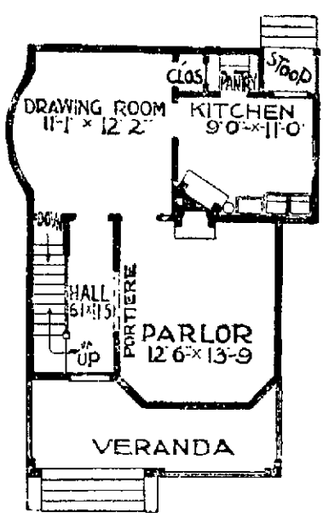
Queen Anne, so called, style has come and gone. Its educational facilities have been large and varied. Born about 20 years ago, it flourished about 15 years, and in the outlying districts is still popular, as it is not known that it has been superseded by the colonial.

The so called Queen Anne style has fallen generally into disrepute. The reason for this is largely that it has become common, and the carpenters and people, who did not care to employ the services of an architect, have been trying to utilize it. With the little knowledge of it that they had it has deteriorated, instead of going

PERSPECTIVE VIEW.

ahead. The educated architect, when this condition exists with any style, always makes it a point to get into a groove where the others cannot follow. This is the reason why the colonial style of architecture has become so popular and is the correct thing today. The best work of the Queen Anne time was done 15 years ago, when it was new and before it got to be hacked by everybody. The colonial work will in time undoubtedly take the same course, and then some other style will supersede it. Until then, however, we will rest contented and make the most of what is good.

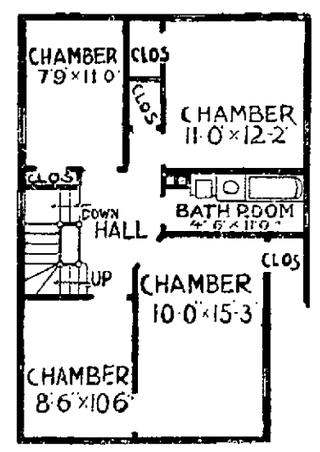
The design here given is for a colonial cottage, 25 feet front and 52 feet deep, a cozy, antique little home. The style of this house may be called a Dutch colonial.



FIRST STORY.

It is simple in detail, relying more upon its quaint outline for external effect than for its classic details. The plan is admirable, being very simple, the three rooms on first floor grouped around a central chimney stack, and on second floor four good rooms, bathroom and good closets. There is a cellar under whole house 6 feet 8 inches deep, with good stone walls. First floor is 9 feet clear; second, 8 feet. And there is a good attic, which will give storage, and one nice room; a furnace in cellar to heat the whole; a nice open fireplace, with mantel, in parlor; a Century range, brick set, in kitchen; stationary stone tubs, sink and boiler, open plumbing in bathroom; neat finish of cypress on first floor, two rooms and hall; pine elsewhere, all filled and varnished.

The exterior is all covered with cypress or cedar shingles, which weather out silver gray and are left to be painted by nature. All this is possible for $2,850, ready to put in your furniture. This is a house fit for a king, and any king having to start life with his queen and wife in a home like this is well started and cannot fail to win in the race of life. It is a neat, artistic home, and may it burn heaven light to many is my wish.



SECOND STORY.

Full working plans and specifications furnished for 2 per cent on cost named by applying to George Palliser, 32 Park place, New York.

Material For Floors.

Encaustic tile floors for halls and vestibules, etc., have been almost entirely superseded by the Roman mosaic, and the most beautiful effects and designs are today executed in these materials at far less than the tile price of a few years ago. This art has developed very rapidly in the past three years, and the results have been surprising. The best work today is known as Alean mosaic, made of a flint tile made in France in every conceivable color and shade and can be laid in the most exquisite patterns for 30 cents to $1 per square foot. This material at one-quarter inch in thickness in wearing qualities equals 12 inches of solid marble and will last practically forever, keeping its [illegible] and its last evolutions in the use of tiles, floor designs and the best materials for floors heretofore known.

Good Furniture.

A good piece of furniture, like a well bred person, will make itself felt without forcing observation. It is in itself a detail and all details should be kept in the [illegible] but in aggregate charm of a harmonious whole.

"A STITCH IN TIME."

IF your Kidneys are diseased, sluggish or weak;
IF your blood is full of Uric Acid and Rheumatism threatens;
IF the germs of Malaria are in your system;
IF your blood is clogged with poisons and impurities;
IF your Bladder is weak, inflamed or diseased,
You need Dr. Hobb's Sparagus Kidney Pills.

For they heal, soothe and strengthen the Kidneys.

They prevent Bright's Disease,
They cure Diabetes,
They dissolve gravel, sand, and brick-dust deposits,
They filter uric acid and malarial poisons out of the blood,
They cure Cystitis, Gleet, Prostatitis and the like,
They make pure, rich blood.

All druggists, 50 cents a box, or send 50 cents in stamps, or silver direct to the HOBB'S MEDICINE CO., Chicago or San Francisco.

Book on Kidney Health and Blood Filtering Free.

HIGHEST GRADE, Recommended by the Best Bakers to make the Whitest and Sweetest . . Obtainable. Use BREAD

"B" PRIDE OF MARION FLOUR.

NEW

Fall and Winter Goods.

Williams & Leffler

THE LEADING TAILORS,

Have now in stock all the Newest Designs, Colors and Mixtures. A great variety of Plain Goods, in all makes, which they will make up at the lowest possible prices, consistent with first-class workmanship. Satisfaction is always given.

DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS. The only safe, sure and reliable Female PILL ever offered to Ladies, especially recommended to married Ladies. Ask for DR. MOTT'S PENNYROYAL PILLS and take no other. Send for circular. Price $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL CO., - Cleveland, Ohio.

Wholesaled and retailed at L. Denison & Co.'s

REACHING THE PEOPLE!

If there is an advertiser who hasn't made his fall contracts, who makes his contracts on a business basis, we want his eye or ear. It is useless to talk to the sentimental advertiser. Our argument is a business one.

We Believe the Star, With Its Daily and Weekly Editions, Goes Into More Homes in Marion County Than All Other Marion Papers Put Together.

We do believe this. We know that honest advertising in the Star brings returns. The best advertisers in Marion attest the Star's ability to bring returns.

The business advertising deal is made for profit. It costs more to buy an ad in the Star than any other paper, but real circulation considered, it is much the cheapest.

We will be glad to quote rates and exhibit circulation records upon application. Get in line now. There's prosperity in the air this fall.

The Star,

Phone 51. 229 E. Center.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The Rush

Has Commenced With Us On Holiday Goods.

Remember we have the largest and
Best stock to select from in the city.
Special inducements offered to early buyers.
See our Dolls, Plush and Celluloid Goods.

U. S. AUCTION SYNDICATE,

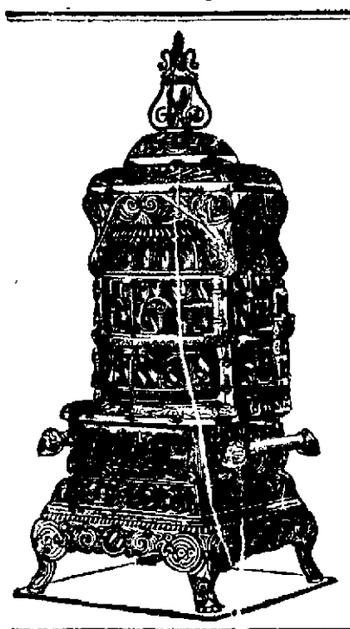
143 S. Main St. J. B. Layton.

Removed - -

For Fall and Winter-1895 1896

W. G. WINNEK--

Has removed to second floor, corner East Center and State Streets, opposite Hotel Marion, where he is now prepared for the Fall and Winter trade, with specially selected styles for merchant tailors of all the latest novelties adapted to the prevailing fashions, for gentlemen's business and dress suits, overcoats and trousers. All garments made by Winnek are unsurpassed in cut, style and finish.



The ACORN!

HOW IS THIS for Beauty?

And it is as good as it looks. Ask your neighbor about it, they have one. Over three hundred sold in this city and not a single complaint. If you want the best you must buy the "ROYAL ACORN." See us, we will tell you all about it.

S. S. FOX & CO.,

CUMMIN BLOCK, EAST CENTER ST

Larrowe's Country Buckwheat (KILN DRIED)

WHICH IS ALL BUCKWHEAT, is the purest, dryest buckwheat flour possible to produce. Be sure to get *Larrowe's*; it's sure to be pure, clean, dry—the kind you used to get. Grown in the country, ground in the country, sent sealed from the country to you. Sold in 2, 5 and 10 lb. packages. If your dealer hasn't it, write to LARROWE MILLING CO., Limited, COHOCTON, N. Y.

Your Own Interest Dictates

To buy your clothing where you get the best value for the least money. The fact that the Blue Front Great Remodeling Sale sells more clothing than any house in town, seems to indicate that self-interest dictates to most people to buy at this great sale. If, however, you doubt the wisdom of following the masses, you are earnestly invited to investigate and compare for yourself.

WE WILL GIVE YOU

Choice of Any Suit or Overcoat in The House **$12 AND FIFTY CENTS.** Choice of Any Suit or Overcoat in The House

25 Black Clay CLAY WORSTED SUITS, ALL WOOL,

Well made and trimmed, worth $12.00, during this Great Remodeling Sale they will go at $7.75, and every article in the house will go at the same low prices during this

REMODELING SALE.

Blue Front

CLOTHING HOUSE.

BEYER HUNEKE.

A Pleasant Wedding Celebration Occurs Wednesday Afternoon.

The home of Rev. and Mrs. John Huneke, of south Prospect street, was the scene of a quiet but very pleasant wedding celebration, Wednesday afternoon. The contracting parties were Sarah, the eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Huneke, and Rev. H. Beyer, of Toledo, O.

Only the family and intimate friends were present to witness the performance of the impressive ceremony, at which the father of the bride, assisted by Rev. Ploch, officiated. The ceremonial was succeeded by a bountiful wedding dinner, which was enjoyed amid social amenities, after which, at 4:25 o'clock, Rev. and Mrs. Beyer left over the C., H. V. and T. railway for Toledo, which is to be their future home, assured of the best wishes of their many friends for a long, happy and useful life.

KNIGHT TEMPLAR FESTIVITIES.

A Meeting and Banquet December 19 and Toasting on Christmas Day.

Fraternal notices have been issued to the Sir Knights of Marion Commandery, No. 36, Knights Templar, announcing the arrangements for Christmas festivities.

From this circular it is learned that Darius, the king, has ordered a royal banquet to be spread before the Princes and Nobles on Thursday evening, Dec. 19. There is also to be degree work in the Red Cross, Malta and Temple degrees, ceremonies beginning at 6:30 p. m., sharp.

In accordance with an order from the committee on Christmas observance—a committee acting under authority of the Grand Encampment—Sir Knights will assemble at the asylum at 10:30 a. m., on Christmas day, and join in the following toast to the Most Eminent Grand Master, W. LaRue Thomas:

"Your duty to command, our duty to obey;
"May Christ, our Heavenly Father, bless and point the way."

LOCAL MENTION.

The Red Men held a meeting at their hall last night.

Today was "pike" day with the county commissioners.

John Ingersoll removed to the city Wednesday from Morral.

The new curbing is being distributed along south Main street.

The Knights of Pythias social tonight promises to be a great success.

The Owl club is figuring on giving a swell assembly during the holidays.

Massillon Lump and Massillon Wash Nut, by Prendergast Lumber & Coal Co. 301tf

Telephone No. 12 calls up F. E. Blake the florist and gardener, on Garden City pike. 137-tf

The celebrated Murray City lump coal for sale by Linsley & Lawrence. Telephone 8. 42-tf

The Knights and Ladies of Honor meet at Canby hall tomorrow evening at 7 o'clock.

There will be very important business at the G. A. R. Post meeting next Monday evening.

The New York agents of the Marion Tool company sent in a big order for export Wednesday.

A boy, weight 10 pounds, was born to Mr. and Mrs. Henry Landis, southwest of the city, this morning.

The next entertainment of the Twigs will be given at the home of Miss Iva Fish, on west Center street.

For medicinal purposes and for family use, Gleberman's liquors are the best. Call at old Rosenfeld stand.

"Brown October Ale" is the title of a song by Tom McDonald in "Robin Hood." Does it not remind you of Gleberman's fine liquors? Old Rosenfeld stand.

Thirteen gentlemen of leisure repaired to Hotel de Carlos last evening and made themselves comfortable for the night at that hostelry, fading away like the traditional Arab this morning.

Columbus will understand that Marion would like to assist her in giving the renowned Melba a notable audieece, but we can't approve going crazy over the prices for seats. And we can't stand up!

Isaac A. Merchant has been elected a member of the board of directors of The Marion Manufacturing company, to take the place of Fred Strobel, resigned. Mr. Merchant had been on the board several years and had retired only last October at his own request.

The Ladies' Aid society of Epworth M. E. church will meet at the church Friday evening at 7 o'clock, as arrangements for the Christmas sales are to be completed. Every member, and especially the newly elected officers, are earnestly requested to be there.

New English walnuts per lb	12c
All package coffee per lb	20c
Fancy Malaga grapes per lb	18c

Fancy canned tomatoes, 10c, 3 for 25c

All kinds of nuts, figs, dates, raisins, mincemeat, canned delicacies, etc., we offer at lowest price.

I. B. CARLISLE.
112 Wholesale and Retail Grocer.

Notice to Stockholders.

The annual meeting of stockholders of the Marion Ice and Cold Storage Co. for the election of board of seven directors and such other business as may properly come before the meeting, will be held at their office on north Main street at 7 o'clock p. m., Monday, December 16th, 1895. th-t5

F. S. KELLER, Secy.

THE CITY IN BRIEF.

The library has received another lot of new books which are ready for the public.

The jingle of the sleigh bells was heard for the first time, this season, Wednesday night.

There was no police court this morning. Marion, it seems, is behaving very well at present.

Cooper Post G. A. R. will hold its election of officers Monday evening, to serve during the coming year.

A. L. Honeyfanger entertained a party of gentlemen friends at his rooms on south State street, Wednesday night.

Mrs. A. C. Court entertained a party of friends at a taffy pulling at her home on Prospect avenue, Wednesday evening.

Miss Hortense Cunningham will entertain a company of Tally Wags and their ladies, at her Mt. Vernon avenue home this evening.

Mr. P. W. Huntington, of Columbus, is in the city. He lectures at the Presbyterian church tonight on "Protestant Missions in India."

Work on the Columbia ditch and sewer is being pushed along again, notwithstanding the unfavorable weather. The excavation now reaches about to Charles street on Church.

The Hilarity Club gave the second of a series of dances with which it proposes to entertain this winter, at Germania hall, Wednesday night. The dance was an enjoyably one.

A teamster's horse fell into an open trench on Delaware avenue today. It required much work to get the animal out of its dangerous predicament, but it was finally released without any apparent serious injury.

The county commissioners passed on two roads at their session Wednesday afternoon. In both cases the Harvey road and the Chase road the commissioners decided to pay the compensation and the petitioners must settle for the damages.

The team of Lime City Council, No. 206, Jr. O. U. A. M., left for Kenton this morning on Erie train 5, where a new council will be organized tonight by Ed Andrews, district deputy. Mr. Andrews states that the new council will consist of thirty members, all of them business men of Kenton.

The city council went out Wednesday afternoon, in response to the request of Mr. Hoyles, to view his proposed line for the extension of west Center street. There could be little chance of Mr. Hoyles' ideas being adopted without creating dissatisfaction among other property owners interested.

The Blackburn Compound and Oil company is proving itself a strong competitor among the best concerns of the kind in the country. E. W. Puckett was over at Wadsworth on Wednesday and secured the contract for furnishing all the belting, shafting, pulleys and oil supplies for the big new match factory that is to soon start up at that place. The contract is an agreeable victory for this Marion concern for the big houses of Pittsburg, Cleveland and Cincinnati were after the same business.

$1.39 for suit of underwear, worth $2, at Martin & Wiley's.

SICK AND CONVALESCENT.

Mr. Albright, of High street, is quite sick.

Postmaster W. L. Cox, of Prospect, is quite ill.

The child of Ella Marritt, of Jefferson street, is sick.

Dr. C. Pancoast Gailey was able to get up town today.

A daughter of M. Stoll, of Park street, is on the sick list.

A daughter of Mr. McComb, residing near the Normal, is quite sick.

The little child of Adam Pluck, of Gurley avenue, is on the sick list.

Geo. L. Padgett, editor of the Mirror, is suffering from a very sore throat.

Mr. Kerhwecker, of Prospect street, is recovering from an attack of sickness.

Miss Mildred Christian is much improved at the home of her parents, in Springdale.

W. A. Clements, of north State street, who has been seriously ill, is up and about again.

Marshal Blain is still confined to his home with sickness. He is reported as improving, however.

Mrs. Emily Grimes, of Athens, is sick at the home of her daughter, on north Prospect street.

The two children of George W. Lowe, of Reed avenue, one of whom has been ill of diphtheria, are both recovering.

By the Thirteenth.

All parties desiring larger boxes of Gunther's bon bons than carried in stock by Hazen & Son should leave orders before the thirteenth as the Christmas rush is so great that there is no certainty of securing the goods at a later date. 112

German Croup Remedy

Pleasant, prompt, safe, a sure cure.

$1.39 for suit of underwear, worth $2, at Martin & Wiley's. 10-12

The World's Fair Tests showed no baking powder so pure or so great in leavening power as the Royal.

A HOT ENCOUNTER

Takes Place Between Ex-Postmaster Fogleson and Oscar Travis Wednesday.

Schiller Fogleson and Oscar Travis fought a couple of rounds in the alley near Mr. Fogleson's shop Wednesday. The rounds were hot and exciting but did not last long.

Travis drove up to the shop with a clothes-wringer for repairs. Fred Fogleson went to the door when Travis inquired the cost of repairing the wringer. He was told what the expense would be, when he declared that he could purchase a new one for that amount. The boy mildly disputed him, when Travis flew into a rage and called the boy a liar, following this with a more insulting epithet. During this time the boy's father was inside the shop and heard the conversation. He immediately went out and resented the abuse by pasting Travis a stiff right-hand blow in the mouth. This he followed up with another built on the same order.

By this time Travis' horse had started to move on and Fogleson very kindly caught the lines to prevent the animal from getting away. He then stooped and picked up Travis' hat and handed it to the owner. His thanks for this was an epithet from Travis similar to the one that had previously been applied to the son. For this abuse Travis received another punch in the mouth, which ended the combat, with the honors in favor of Fogleson.

Mr. and Mrs. Matthews Entertain.

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Matthews entertained a small company of friends at their home on south High street, Wednesday evening.

Cards were enjoyed until a late hour when light refreshments were served. The occasion was quite a merry one, heartily appreciated by guests and host and hostess alike.

The Modern Mother

Has found that her little ones are improved more by the pleasant laxative Syrup of Figs, when in need of the laxative effect of a gentle remedy than by any other, and that it is more acceptable to them. Children enjoy it and it benefits them. The true remedy, Syrup of Figs, is manufactured by the California Fig Syrup company only.

WARNER & EDWARDS.

The Holiday Show Is Ready.

Every year we gather from far and near a host of pretty things for gift buyers. Those that you like the most are likely to be the least expensive, and there's no one to object if you only come to look. It is not a bad idea to buy early, because shrewd buyers usually get away with the best long before Christmas.

Christmas Dress Goods.

The most sensible Holiday Gift in the world is a dress pattern. Already we have commenced the sale of Dress Goods in patterns for Christmas. We have just opened a magnificent line of Priestley's black fancies for the Holidays.

2d Floor Specialties--

Turkish Rugs,
Wilton Rugs,
Moquette Rugs,
Smyrna Rugs,
Portiers,
Lace Curtains,
Easels,
Fancy Stools,
Umbrella Stands.

Four Weeks Left FOR Brisk Business.

The weather is propitious. Our store and stocks are in superb condition. For the Holiday rush we have extra help, but would advise an early visit before the Christmas lines are broken. The entire store is in Holiday trim. Come often—go through the store.

Ladies' Jackets AND Fur Capes.

You know our Wrap department is on the ground floor. Fur weather has been late in coming. You can buy an elegant Fur Cape at a price that will surprise you. The makers' misfortunes makes Furs cheaper than ever before.

All Over The Store--

Fancy Pillows made by the Japs,
Down Pillows to be covered,
Japanese Vases,
Tea Sets, Tea Pots,
Christmas Linens,
Christmas Handkerchiefs,
Entirely New Effects in Toilet Boxes.

WARNER AND EDWARDS.

Come Every Day. The Display Constantly Changing.

UHLER, PHILLIPS & CO.

Ladies, HERE ARE SOME Pointers FOR YOU.

What we are doing along the line of Holiday goods. Substantial articles that make acceptable presents:

KID MITTENS.

Ladies' Kid Mittens, heavily fleeced lined for 50c.
Ladies' Kid Mittens, with Seal Cuffs, at 75c.
Ladies' Kid Mittens, with Beaver Cuffs, at $1.00.
Ladies Undressed Kid Mittens, in all colors, at $1.00.
Children's Kid Mittens, with Seal Fur Cuffs, at 50c.
Gents' fleeced lined Kid Gloves, with Fur Cuffs, 75c.
Gents' Kid Mittens at $1.00.
Boys' fleeced Kid Gloves or Mittens at 50c.

WOOL AND SILK MITTENS.

Ladies' All-silk Mittens at 50c.
Ladies' All-silk Double Mittens, with fancy back, $1.
Ladies' Fancy Stitched, All-wool Mittens, at 25c.
Ladies' Fine, Fancy Back, Wool Mittens at 50c.
Children's Mittens at 10c 15c, 20c, 25c and 35c.
Boys' Warm, Wool, Double Mittens at 10c.

FEATHER COLLARS AND BOAS.

An immense line. We want to sell them. Your opportunity.
Cock Feather Collarettes at 25c to 50c.
Cock Feather Boas, with colored Tips, from 50c to $1.50.
Fine African Ostrich Feather Boas at $1.50, $6, $8.
Black Thibet Boas from $1.00 up.
Fur Stoles, with Animal Heads, in Oposum, Seal, Mink and Astrakhan, at almost any price, from $1.00 up.

SIDE COMBS.

Ladies' Long Side Combs at 10c, 15c and 25c.
Ladies' Side Combs at 5c.
Ladies' Fancy Hair Ornaments at 10c, 15c, 25c, 50c.

NECKTIES.

Full line of Windsors, Silk Ties at 15c, 20c and 25c, in fancy colors, stripes and plaids.
New Novelty Ties, for children, very pretty at 25c.
Gents' Scarf Ties, in black and colors, a great variety, at 25c and 50c.
Gents' Dress Bow Ties at 10c, 15c and 25c.

LINEN DEPARTMENT.

Large size, all-linen Towels, with fancy borders, 10c.
Fine Towels, with heavy knitted fringes, the sort that you pay 35c for, we show them at 25c.
All-linen Table Covers, with fringe, 2 yards wide and 2 yards long, at $1.35.
Stamped Doylies 9 inch, 12 inch, 18 inch and 22 inch square, in Fruit patterns, Chrysanthemum, Golden Rod, Maiden Fern, Sweet Peas and Jewel patterns.
Stamped Table Covers, with linen fringe, 25c.
Stamped Laundry Bags.
Lunch Cloths, plain and fringed.

SHOPPING BAGS.

Ladies' Fancy Shopping Bags, in Black, Brown or Tan, at 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25.
Boston Bags at 75c.
Big lines of Pocketbooks, Purses and Card Cases, bought expressly for the Holidays.

RUGS.

We make the lowest prices on Moquette and Smyrna Rugs.

FINE UMBRELLAS.

Fine Umbrellas in the latest of handles, bought for Holiday Gifts.

READY-MADE DEPARTMENT.

Ready-made Wrappers, in Calicoes, Satines, Outing Flannels, Fleeced Back Cloths, nicely trimmed and cut very full, from 69c to $2.00.
Petti Skirts, in wool, at 50c—knee length.
Embroidered Outing Flannel Petti Skirts at 75c—knee length.
Ladies' Outing Flannel Dressing Saques, with very full sleeves, nicely made, $1.00. Many pretty shades.
20 dozen Shetland Wool Fascinators that are sold all over town at 50c, our price is 25c.
Ice wool Fascinators from 50c to $2.00.
Men's Outing Flannel Night Gowns, full sizes and neatly made, at 50c.
Men's Silk Embroidered Suspenders, a lot worth 40c, 50c and 60c per pair, our price to close will be 10c.

BLACK DRESS GOODS AND BLACK SILKS.

None know better than we the wants of customers in the line of Black Dress Goods, for nothing is sold over our counter but the best makes and the late weaves. Priestley's goods are here: Frederick Arnolds goods are here. There are none better. They are absolutely the best. A big line for the Holidays is being unloaded.
Peau de Soie Silks have the best finish, will not cut or wear shiny. Every dress pattern sold has our personal guarantee. We show them at $1, $1.25, $1.50 and $2.00 per yard.

FUR CAPES.

We have too many Fur Garments and cost will not be considered if you wish to buy one. You will get better prices now than later and a larger assortment to select from.

Do your shopping in the morning if possible.

To make room for the proper display of fancy things for Xmas, we will make a Clearance Sale of Dress Goods, commencing Friday, Dec. 6th, and lasting one week. Buy your Dress Goods during this sale.

UHLER, PHILLIPS & CO.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®